Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 21. VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 15, 1895. No. 114

Egg Cups

Of Silver, called the PREMIER PATENT EGG CUP, is the latest thing among our many new importations—very handsome and serviceable. Also the latest designs in Hair Ornaments, Stick Pins, Buckles, etc.

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government St., Opposite Bank of B. C.

Special. THE WESTSIDE

HAS JUST RECEIVED

125 DOZEN LADIES' HERMSDORF BLACK HOSE.

FULL REGULAR MAKE.

This celebrated Brand of Hosiery has won its way to general favor by use of BEST QUALITY of YARN that can be bought, to produce the prices of the different grades and the PERFECTION OF FINISH in this famous Black

4229	20 dozen, Ladies' Sizes, 8 1-2 to 9 1-2, at	5 pairs for $1.00.
402-5	20 dozen, Ladies' sizes,	25c. per pair.
402-87	20 dozen, Ladies' sizes	30c. per pair.
4278	20 dozen, Ladies' sizes	35c. per pair.
4011	15 dozen, Ladies' sizes	40c. per pair.
4115	15 "Erebus" Lisle	40c. per pair.
4139	15 dozen Lisle, Ribbed top, extra long	50c. per pair.

Also Ladies' and Misses' BLACK CASHMERE HOSE, Summer weights, extra good value.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

CASH! CASH! CASH!

After 21 years of unsatisfactory struggling with the credit system, we decide on June 1st prox., to close our books and commence a spot cash business, giving hereafter our paying patrons the benefit of our dead losses by reducing prices to a spot cash basis.

We thank our customers for past patronage and will make it to your interest to call and see us.

We have given the subject long and earnest thought, viewing it from all sides, its pros and cons, and are convinced that we can do our patrons and ourselves more good by adhering strictly to a cash business. We will give some sample prices in a few days.

Our friends who owe balances we will most cordially welcome at an early date.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Be In Time

We don't want to disappoint you in your 24th of May Suit.

No better place to get what you want in the way of Summer Suitings with the INSIDE TRACK in the way of prices.

SNAPS For Men.... With Money

AT **John McCallum's,**

The Fashionable Tailor, 42 Broad Street

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, LTD.

61 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Call and see us before buying elsewhere. OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT.

A. GREGG & SON,

TAILORS.

THE VENEZUELAN SQUABBLE

Documents Discovered in Honolulu Throw Additional Light on the Matter.

Former British Map of Guinea Does Not Include the Territory Now Claimed.

Washington, May 15.—According to advices received here important British documents have been found at Hawaii as to the pending British Venezuela boundary question in which the United States urged arbitration as a means of settlement. Assistant Surveyor-General J. Curtis Lyons, Hawaii, has examined them and has made a map, accompanied by a statement, which, it is said, supports the Venezuelan contention, even on the evidence thus far presented by the British. Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan minister here, says it is the first time documents sent out by the British foreign office have been made available in the controversy. The records now brought to public attention by Mr. Lyons were furnished Hawaii by the British foreign office at the time when Hawaii was a monarchy and largely under British influence. They are now on file in the survey office at Honolulu, where Mr. Lyons, as assistant surveyor-general, has had access to them.

He was led into the investigation by the publication last month of an official British map of the Guinea territory. On comparing this with the map furnished by the foreign office twenty years ago he found the boundary line had been entirely changed. The first map gave the line as Venezuela claims it should be. The last map shifts the line far westward and includes as British territory about 10,000 square miles which the first map showed to be clearly Venezuelan territory. This intervening 10,000 square miles is the subject of contention. The second map was made by the Royal Geographical Society of England, and therefore given official approval and sent out by the foreign office. It is therefore considered of scientific as well as of official value. "The area thus taken as shown on the maps themselves is 10,000 square miles or more larger than the area of either Massachusetts or Vermont. What the Venezuelans are claiming we have no means of knowing, but it is very natural that they should claim that at least British Guinea should adhere to its own original map."

"Absolutely Correct"

Describes the condition of every prescription prepared at our store. The purest materials dispensed with the highest professional skill.

JOHN COCHRANE, Prescription Druggist, N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas streets. Gold medallist Ontario College Pharmacy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—To hire a good horse, suitable for an express or delivery wagon, or will buy cheap for cash. Address, with full particulars, to Horse, Times office. m13-4

FOR RENT—5-roomed furnished cottage, bath, etc.; rent moderate. Maple street, Cadboro Bay road. m15-2t

FOR SALE—Canoe, 17 feet; varnished butternut; paddles, cushions, etc. Apply 85 Carr street. m15-2t

SIXTEEN-FOOT BOW OR SAIL BOAT, nearly new; also horse and dog cart for sale. J. W. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas. m15-1f

FOUND—Ring, on Government street. Apply to P.O. box 284. m15-2t

LOST—On Sunday afternoon in straits off Esquimalt, varnished cedar canoe "Electra." Reward. Wm. Christie, C.P.R. Telegraph office. d&w

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up till Wednesday, 29th inst., at 12 a.m., for the erection and completion of a two-story frame residence on Victoria Crescent. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, Architect, m15-td 36 1-2 Douglas Street.

FOR SALE.

Improved ranch, East Kootenay, the property of a gentleman residing in England. Lot 272, group 1, East Kootenay, known as Cannan ranch; 319 acres bottom land, situated at mouth of Sinclair Creek, Columbia river, and traversed by the creek; near Sinclair Hot Springs; good farm buildings; title perfect. In connection therewith certain horses, cows and sheep (to be rounded up) and farm implements will be sold. Apply to BODWELL & IRVING, Solicitors, Victoria, B.C., or A. G. M. SPRAGGE, Solicitor, Donald, B. C. May 15-1m

VICTORIA THEATRE.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY.

MONDAY and TUESDAY.... MAY 20, 21

Clement Bainbridge's famous New York Company in Augustus Thomas' masterpiece,

"Alabama"

A Story of the South

Produced with the same beautiful effects designed for the original production at A. M. Palmer's Theatre, New York.

Presented by the great original company including Frank C. Bangs, Clement Bainbridge, L. P. Hicks, Geo. B. Miller, Bingley [illegible] Charles Moore, Ethel Irving, Inez Knowlton, Louise V. McElroy and Miss E. Barr.

Prices as usual.

Seats now on sale at Jamieson's.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

THE SEALING REGULATIONS

The British Interpretation of the Paris Award Must be Adhered To.

U. S. Cutters Must Not Apprehend British Ships Under American View.

Washington, May 15.—It can be stated authoritatively that British ships will be sent to Behring sea to patrol against poachers and use every means in carrying out the Paris award and British law based thereon. Instructions to British ships will not, however, direct the seizure of any vessels with arms, but it will require other external evidence of sealing, such as the possession of skins, the presence of blood on the ship, etc., as a basis of seizure. This will differ from the instructions of last year, which made open possession of arms prima facie evidence. The British law based on the Paris award does not forbid the open carrying of arms. The United States law, which is held by authorities of Great Britain to have gone beyond the Paris award, makes the open possession of arms prima facie evidence of sealing. The British regulations of last year yielded to a certain extent to the United States law. Now the British law must be adhered to, the theory of British authorities being that the Paris arbitration had ample means of providing against the extermination of seals and their award fully executed will give full protection. Under these circumstances a serious question arises as to whether the United States naval vessels will apprehend the British sealers because they openly carry arms, this not being against British regulations. There is reason to believe that the British policy will hereafter allow the United States ships to apprehend British vessels under the British law, but not under the United States law.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The Conservatives Hold Their First Caucus To-day.

Ottawa, May 15.—The first Conservative caucus of the session was held today. Lieut.-Col. Baker presided. Sir Mackenzie Bowell was in attendance, but neither Langevin nor Caron were present. The caucus was for organization. Nothing was done in regard to the Manitoba schools or Hudson Bay railway.

Lieut.-Col. Prior in the house to-day was informed by Costigan that the government had received a cable from the Imperial government stating that the British government had decided not to renew the regulations of last year with the United States in regard to the sealing of arms and implements in the Behring Sea.

The party of mounted police will sail from Seattle on June 3 for the Yukon. A change of route having been decided on, they will now go via St. Michael's and by steamer all the way to Fort Cudahy.

Sir C. H. Tupper is seriously ill. He is suffering from hemorrhage of the lungs, and left to-day for Lakewood, N. J., for a fortnight's rest.

The Royal Society meets to-morrow. Archibald Lampman, the poet, will be elected a member. The society will meet at Halifax in 1897, to celebrate the 400th anniversary of the discovery of Canada by Cabot.

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND.

Dr. Cooper Dies in New Westminster of Heart Disease.

New Westminster, May 15.—Dr. H. M. Cooper, aged 54, a well known and popular physician, was found dead in his office this morning at 6:30 o'clock. Heart disease was the cause of death. The doctor attended a meeting of the Knights of Pythias last night and delivered an address of welcome to a large delegation of visitors from Vancouver. He partook of the supper that followed and left for home after midnight. It is presumed that he fell dead while closing his office. Dr. Cooper was formerly an Anglican clergyman and served in the diocese of Toronto for many years. He came to British Columbia in 1882, and has been very prominent in all charities, being known as the "poor man's friend." He was an Orangeman, Knight of Pythias and an Odd Fellow, and a brilliant orator.

—William Gerstle, of the Alaska Commercial Company, who has been in the city purchasing supplies, left for San Francisco last evening. He placed a large order with Simon Leiser & Co., wholesale grocers, and smaller ones with other merchants. It is stated that the large order amounted to upwards of [illegible] This company have found it more advantageous to purchase on this side of the line for those of their stations that are in Canadian territory, since Canadian customs officials have been sent up to prevent traders and others from taking in American goods.

THE CENTRAL NEWS EXPOSED

Picturesque Details of Oriental Battles a Trick of the Imagination.

Natives Attacking British Posts in Chitral—Lieut. Limond Killed.

London, May 15.—It is announced this morning that the polling yesterday for a member of parliament for the west division of Dorset to succeed the late Henry R. Farquharson, Conservative, resulted in the election of Col. Williams, Conservative, polling 3538 votes against 2325 for Mr. G. Woodhomer, independent.

A dispatch received at Berlin from Beyroot, a seaport town in Syria, announces that the Turkish governor of that place has gone to Loor, which, in ancient days, was the insular site of the maritime city of Lyre, in order to quell an outbreak there arising from disturbances between Christians and Mohammedans.

According to a telegram received at Calcutta from Simla, dispatches have been received there from Dir, in the territory of Chitral, announcing that the natives are again attacking the British posts. Only a few casualties, however, have occurred. Lieut. Limond, commanding the British forces in the disturbed districts, has been stabbed to death by a fanatic near Boga in Waziristan.

A Baku dispatch says the Rothschilds kerosene factory has been destroyed by fire. Flames spread to the oil reservoir, which burned furiously for a long time. Great damage was done.

The Kobe Chronicle, having printed a long expose of the methods of the Central News agency in expanding telegraph from the far east, and alluding especially to a dispatch dated Weihaiwei, which the London Times and other paper printed on February 8th, the Times referred the article in the Kobe Chronicle to the Central News for explanation. Having received the reply of the Central News, the Times to-day says: "The telegram as sent to us by the Central News contained 655 words. More than two-thirds of the message, therefore, was admittedly manufactured in London. Under the circumstances, we can only publish the statement made in the Kobe Chronicle and allow our readers to form their own conclusions as to the value of the telegram which we much regret having been led by misrepresentation to publish." The Times then gives in full detail the article from the Kobe Chronicle, showing in detail how the Central News dispatches were expanded and how the dispatch of February 8th, purporting to come from Weihaiwei, emanated from Tokio or Yokohama, and how all the picturesque details of battles were imaginary. "It has long been a puzzle," says the Kobe Chronicle article referred to, "how the Central News could possibly supply its clients with long telegrams from the east, each of which, if genuine, would cost a fortune, and which contained information which was new, even to the correspondents at the seat of war. The problem is an easy one. All that is necessary is to judiciously clothe each skeleton telegram until the senders scarcely recognize it and send it forth as a special from the seat of war."

NANAIMO NEWS.

Fruit Tree Pests Prevalent in Australian Trees.

Nanaimo, May 15.—Many of those engaged in farming pursuits are complaining of the fact that fruit trees which abound with insects are permitted to be imported into this province. An instance of this is related by Mr. J. Price, who resides on the five acre blocks. The latter possesses a neat little orchard, the constant care of which has made it very valuable to him. He was persuaded to purchase an Australian apple tree, and knowing the government inspector of fruit pests is located in Victoria, concluded the trees had passed examination. He now finds this a mere delusion, as is fully borne out by a new species of pests which now swarm on the trees, and as at present there is no fruit pest inspector located in this city he is at a loss to know what can be done to prevent the importation of trees of this character into a city where the trees are badly affected without any fresh importation.

"Congress of Nations" was the name given to an entertainment under the auspices of the young people of the Wallace Street Methodist church last evening in the opera house. The affair was very largely attended and was pronounced a success.

—The police are keeping a close lookout for the usual crowd of tourhs and sage-thing men who usually come to Victoria during the Queen's birthday celebration. They have received information from the Sound concerning several parties who have signified their intention of coming over, and will be at the boat to prevent them from landing.

—Mr. R. Farrell, travelling passenger agent for the C. P. R., with headquarters at Winnipeg, who went to Bella Coola [illegible] party of settlers, was in the city last evening. The settlers, he says, are getting used to their new homes and seem to be satisfied. He left again this morning for Minnesota to make arrangements for bringing out another party.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Can a Peer Sit in the Commons After Succeeding to the House of Lords?

This Interesting Question Will be Referred to a Special Commission.

London, May 14.—The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, in the House of Commons to-day, moved to appoint a special committee to consider the question raised by the Earl of Selborne yesterday as to whether a peer of the realm can sit in the House of Commons after having succeeded to the House of Lords, or whether a peer of the realm can be elected to membership in the House of Commons.

The Conservative leader in the House of Commons, Right Honorable A. J. Balfour, seconded the amendment of Right Honorable Joseph Chamberlain, the Unionist leader, to the effect that the case of Sir James Morse Carmichael, member for the St. Rollox division of Glasgow, a baronet who claims several dormant Scotch peerages, be also considered. The motion of Mr. Chamberlain was rejected and that of Sir William Vernon Harcourt adopted by a vote of 230 to 143.

Mendel Howard, the American who was arrested on April 29 last on the charge of having engraved materials for counterfeiting notes in his possession, was again arraigned in the Westminster police court this morning. The submanager of the Bank of France deposed that he had examined the notes found at the prisoner's residence and declared them to be forgeries. The prisoner was remanded.

A great demonstration was held in Phoenix Park on Sunday in favor of amnesty to Irish political prisoners. Archbishop Walsh sent £5, with which it is proposed to start an amnesty fund. Timothy Harrington, Parnellite member of parliament for Dublin, in an address said that whether the Irish political prisoners were guilty or innocent of the crimes charged against them, they had fully expiated them. A resolution was adopted by the meeting to the effect that the further detention of the prisoners is vindictive and revengeful cruelty, unworthy of a civilized government.

A dispatch to the Times from Paris says that in the negotiations for the Chinese loan Germany has formed a powerful group which is inclined to issue the loan on condition that the customs and other receipts shall be controlled by Europeans. It is agreed that it shall be issued in equal shares by Germany, Russia, France and England.

The bye-election in Watworth to-day proved a rebuff for the government, the Conservative candidate, Mr. James Balfey, winning the seat with 2676 votes against 2106 for Col. J. Colquhoun Reid, the Liberal candidate, and 347 votes for Mr. George Lansburg, Socialist candidate. The election caused a good deal of excitement in the district. A close election was expected and the Conservative victory was not altogether a surprise. The big plurality created enthusiasm in Unionist circles.

The defeat of the anti-revolution bill creates a vacancy in the Prussian council of ministers. No one is inclined to believe theat either the Kaiser, who, it is reported, had a good opinion of Von Puttler, or Chancellor von Hohenlohe is edified at the performance of the minister of the interior, who, the Vorwaerts says, deserves an honorary membership in the socialist party of the interior. That no result was obtained is, in the first place, owing to the fact that the champions of religion, morality and social order have been unable to subordinate their own wishes to the general good. The radical and socialistic organs are highly delighted.

The Times in a leader this morning says: "The decision is a serious one, and perhaps the most serious feature is that it seems to be thoroughly popular with some of the most important classes of the state. It is an unmistakable rebuff to the policy pronounced by the Kaiser himself in his famous speech at Koenigsberg last September."

The Standard in a leader says: "The German Emperor has more than once appealed to his people to trust him. May not the Germans say in return that they deserve to be trusted by the Emperor? With this or that reichstag a ruler can afford to differ, but he cannot seriously quarrel with the sentiment and ideas of a nation at large."

The Cunard steamship Gallia arrived to-day. She was delayed owing to a slight derangement of her machinery, compelling her to stop twice in twenty-four hours, and after that going at a reduced speed for some time.

It is announced at Peking that the Japanese have renounced their claim to the Liao Tung peninsula without demanding payment of an increased amount of indemnity for so doing. It is announced that the conduct of Japan in this matter is warmly praised. It is feared that the disbanding of the Chinese braves will cause a disturbance.

DAVIE WELCOMED.

The New Chief Justice Heartily Received in Westminster.

Westminster, May 14.—At 10 o'clock this morning Chief Justice Davie attended the court house. The entire bar of Westminster were there to greet him. An address was presented in which the bar heartily tendered a welcom to his lordship, congratulating him on his elevation and expressing their pleasure at his appointment. This was due to the [illegible] the most useful as well as one of the most efficient members of the provincial judiciary. In warm terms they expressed their high regard for his ability. The bar expressed the hope that the rumor might be true that his lordship would take up his residence in Vancouver or at least that some other judge of the supreme court would live on the Mainland. The chief justice replied with feeling and earnestness, and stated that he would answer the subject matter of the address at length on Wednesday, the opening of the assizes being deferred until then at the suggestion of the grand jury.

DISCOURAGED MINERS RETURN.

Provisions Reported as becoming Scarce in the Yukon.

Port Townsend, May 14.—The steamer Willapa arrived from Southwestern Alaska last night, having on board a number of miners who were going to the Yukon mines, but on reaching the divide of the Chilcat mountains became discouraged and are returning home. Some of them, owing to the glistening snow, went [illegible] Provisions are becoming scarce, and the miners anticipate great hardships on reaching the mines.

SEALING ARRANGEMENTS.

England Declines to Re-Enact the Firearm Clause.

Washington, May 14.—An ugly crisis has been reached in the negotiations between the United States and Great Britain looking to the adoption of uniform regulations for the government of the seal fisheries this season. The British government positively refuses to re-enact the regulations of last year, which prevents the carrying of firearms by sealing vessels through the zone north of the 35th parallel during the closed season. The United States officials look upon this as disastrous to the seal fishery, holding that the result will be to relieve the pelagic sealers of the only restriction which has operated to prevent an unlimited slaughter of the herds. While killing by firearms remains illegal it is realized that it will be impossible to enforce this provision if arms can be freely carried, for the sealers would kill freely unless they should happen to be under the very eyes of a revenue cutter. Meanwhile, the United States cutters have gone out under the old instructions to seize all vessels carrying arms which are not under seal. These must be notified speedily by orders sent through the Alaska Commercial Company's steamer, which leaves San Francisco in a day or two, or else there may be another big claim for damages on account of illegal seizures filed by the British government. The attitude of the latter is regarded as an evidence of unwarrantable concessions to the Canadian pelagic sealers. It is also held that the effect of the British action is to practically nullify all the measures of protection for the seals that were conferred by the Paris arbitration, and it would not be surprising that, if this course is persisted in, it resulted in a declaration by the United States of the abrogation of the treaty.

ANOTHER DANIEL LAMBERT.

Is Forty Years Old, Weighs 714 Pounds And Hails From Canada.

Olean, N. Y., May 15.—Leonard Whitton, of Brighton, Ont., who is without doubt the largest man living, weighing 714 pounds, arrived in this city this morning from Buffalo on a visit to his brother Thomas. He is of exceedingly large girth, but is only five feet ten inches in height. He was born and brought up at Brighton, Ont. Whitton's parents are both of large stature and corpulent, each weighing over 300 pounds. He is forty years old. For many years he conducted a lucrative meat business at his home in Canada. He began to gain flesh rapidly about ten years ago, up to which time he did not weigh more than half what he does now. Within the past two years he has exhibited himself at numerous museums about the country. Whitton says history records but one more corpulent than he: an Englishman, who lived about half a century ago and who weighed only fifteen pounds more. A faint idea of his enormous weight can be gathered from the following dimensions. Neck, 28 inches around; muscles of arms, 28½ inches; breast, 6 feet; waist, 7 feet; thigh, 49 inches; calf leg, 25 inches. He had a mackintosh coat with him made in Toronto, which contains twenty-one yards of outside material.

The Bostons are here—try them.

SEATTLE AND THE ORIENT.

The Great Northern To Operate a Line of Steamers.

Seattle, May 14.—While the newspapers have ben wondering why Jim Hill has gone to Europe, some claiming that he is endeavoring to get control of the Northern Pacific and others that he wants the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, a report comes from Chicago that his purpose is to purchase a line of China-Japan steamers to run between Seattle and the Orient. The following dispatch has been sent out from Chicago:

"Regarding the object of J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern, in visiting Europe, it is asserted that Mr. Hill, having demonstrated the success of his venture in the Northern Steamship Company on the Great Lakes, now proposes to extend that service, placing a line of vessels, five in number, on the Pacific, sailing out of Seattle for China and Japan. Just before the war between China and Japan five splendid vessels were built on the Clyde, Scotland. Now the vessels are, it is said, for sale, and Mr. Hill may become their purchaser.

Dispels all uneasiness at the stomach [illegible] Tutti Frutti. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

The Bostons are here. Try them

"Canadian Safety," Sole makers in Canada of Perfect Safety Matches.

"Favorite," A small Parlor Match in a neat box for vest pocket; no sulphur.

"Parlor," For home use, in a patent box for hanging on the wall or carrying in the pocket.

"Telegraph" And "Telephone." Almost odorless sulphur Matches, impervious to climatic changes.

Made by THE E. B. EDDY CO., Hull, Canada.
JAMES MITCHELL, Agent, Victoria.

FROM ACROSS THE BORDER

Los Angeles Has Been Selected as the Seat of the Hawaiian Conspiracy.

Japs Are Pouring Into California Under Contract With the Farmers.

Chicago, May 15.—Supt. N. K. Higgie, of the Vessel Owners Towing Company, last night received a telephone message from Kenosha, stating that wreckage from the schooner Kate Kelly, commanded by Captain Hartley J. Hatch of Chicago, and manned by a crew of five besides the captain, was floating five miles south of Kenosha, Wis. She left Chicago two weeks ago Monday, bound for Sheboygan. Captain Hatch was one of the oldest lake navigators in this city.

Los Angeles, May 15.—Chief of Police Glass has received a letter from Honolulu, which conveys the information that Los Angeles has been selected as the headquarters for the operations for this section of the Royalist faction which is seeking to overthrow the Hawaiian republic.

Denver, Col., May 15.—The most important work accomplished in many years in the interest of organized labor has been done by the convention of the Western Federation of Miners. Coal miners' unions, representing a thousand men in several western and northwestern states were admitted to membership in the Federation. The step was made without any extended discussion and the proposition carried by a heavy majority. The acquisition of the coal miners makes the Western Federation of Miners one of the most powerful labor bodies of the country. The result of this action will be that the Federation, which has now over 40,000 membership, will be greatly increased in numbers and financial standing.

Duluth, Minn., May 15.—Mary E. Cameron, who attempted to commit suicide here last Saturday by jumping into the bay at Fifth Avenue steps, swore out a warrant for the arrest of Mrs. Samuel D. Smith, Detroit, who the charges with acting in conjunction with S. D. Smith in victimizing her out of $2,600. A detective left for St. Paul, where the requisition papers will be obtained for Mrs. Smith, who is under arrest.

San Francisco, May 15.—A local paper says the United States contract labor laws are broken every few weeks by the arrival of large numbers of Japs who pour into the country by every steamer, under contract with farmers in the interior of the state. During the past year it is said 10,000 Japanese have secured ranch employment to the exclusion of white laborers.

New York, May 15.—The stock market opened weak. Atchison, 8⅛; North Eastern, 41; Sugar 116; General Electric, 34; Chicago Gas, 73⅛; Burlington & Quincey, 77⅛, St. Paul, 66⅝; North Western, 90; Western Union, 92.

Oil City, Penn., May 15.—Oil opened 77½ bid.

The Bostons are here. Try them.

NAPOLEON'S MASTERPIECE.

The Italian Campaign Showed His Greatest Military Genius.

In later years Napoleon himself believed, and subsequent criticism has confirmed his opinion, that the Italian campaign, taken as a whole, was his greatest. The revolution of a system, social, political or military, is always a gigantic task. It was nothing less than this that Bonaparte had wrought, not in one, but in all three spheres, during the summer and autumn of 1796. The changes, like those of most revolutions, were changes of emphasis and degree in the application of principles already divined. "Divide and conquer" was an old maxim. It was a novelty to see it applied in warfare and politics as Bonaparte applied it in Italy.

It has been remarked that the essential difference between Napoleon and Fredrick the Great was that the latter had not 10,000 men a month to kill. The notion that war should be short and terrible had indeed been clear to the great Prussian: Carnot and the times afforded the opportunity for its conclusive demonstration by the genius of the greater Corsican. Concentration of besiegers to breach the walls of a town was nothing new, but the triumphant application of the same principle to an opposing line of troops, though [illegible] forgotten, and its revival was Napoleon's masterpiece.

The martinets of the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries had so exaggerated the formalities of war that the relation of armies to the fighting ground had been little studied and well nigh forgotten; the use of the map and the compass, the study of reliefs and profiles in topography, psoduced in Bonaparte's hands results that seemed to duller minds nothing short of miraculous. One of these was to oppose the old school rigid formation of troops by any formation more or less open and irregular according to circumstances, but always the kind best suited to the character of the region chosen for the conflict.

The first two days at Arcole were the triumphant vindication of this concept.

Finally there was a fascination for the French soldiers in the primitive savagery of their general, which, though partly concealed, was somewhat held in by training, nevertheless was willing to devote the spoils of the conquests to make the men themselves opulent, which scorned the limitations of human powers in himself and them, and thus accomplished feats of strength and stratagem which gratified to satiety that love for the uncommon, the ideal, and the great, which is inherent in the spirit of their nation. In the successful combination and evolution of all these elements there was a grandeur which Bonaparte and every soldier of his army appreciated at its full value.—Professor Sloane's Life of Napoleon in the May Century.

Purified Blood

Saved an operation in the following case. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures when all others fail. It makes pure blood.

"A year ago my father, William Thompson, was taken suddenly ill with inflammation of the bladder. He suffered a great deal and was very low for some time. At last the doctor said he would not get well unless an operation was performed. At this time we read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it. Before he used half a bottle his appetite had come back to him, whereas before he could eat but little. When he had taken three bottles of the medicine he was as well as ever." FRANCIS J. THOMPSON, Peninsula Lake, Ontario. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

Cut in Dental Prices : : : : :

Commencing Monday, April 22nd, I will charge the following prices for Dental Operations:

Best Set Artificial Teeth	$12 50
Partial sets in proportion	
Gold or Porcelain Crowns (my specialty)	5 00
Amalgam Fillings, any size	1 00
Gold Fillings	$1.50 to $5 00
Extracting	50c.

All the material used will be the BEST and the workmanship just as good as though you paid three times the price.

Remember this is not trashy work, I only do one kind—THE BEST, and if you want that kind of work at Eastern prices you will get it by patronizing me, and by so doing keep the prices down to suit the times.

H. B. FINDLEY, D.D.S., Philadelphia.
....12 Years Actual Experience.

OFFICE: Over Baker's Shoe Store, Government street.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH

Served at the

Poodle Dog Restaurant

[illegible] 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.
18 LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

GROCERIES.

ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA, 25c. per lb
KEILLER'S DUNDEE MARMALADE,
FINE SCOTCH OATMEAL.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 83 Fort St.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government Street, Victoria.

PREVENTION

IS BETTER THAN CURE,

And far less expensive.

You can purify the city water by passing it through a GOOD FILTER.

A Good Filter

Can be purchased at WEILER BROS. The cost is not much; but it may cost you a good deal of sickness and expense if you drink the water and its many impurities.

Weiler Bros.,
51 to 55 Fort Street

Public Library.

Notice is hereby given that from and after Thursday, the 11th instant, the hours for keeping the Public Library open will be from 11 a.m., to 12 noon; from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m., and from 6 p.m. to 9 p.m., each day of the week, Sunday excepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

Victoria, B.C., 2nd April, 1895.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the annual sitting of the City Council as a Court of Revision will be held in the Council Chamber, City Hall, Victoria, B.C., on Tuesday, the 4th day of June, at 10 a.m. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Victoria, April 24, 1895. C.M.C.

The 'Frisco Murders.

GREATEST SENSATION OF COAST LIFE IS NOTHING TO—

Victoria's Sensation,

which is a genuine Clearance Sale of Gents' Furnishings, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, are now going on at the People's Clothing Store, corner of Store and Johnson Streets. Our prices have always been marked as low as possible, consistent with good value. Off these prices we now make a cut of one-third as we are retiring from business to avoid the Sheriff.

J. LUKOV.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

AFFAIRS IN THE ORIENT

Japanese Disappointed and Excited at the Government for Yielding.

Emperor Calls Upon His Subjects to Discuss National Affairs Calmly.

London, May 13.—The Times will publish a dispatch from Kobe saying that the fact of the Japanese government yielding to the representatives of Russia, France and Germany in degard to the Liaotung peninsula, and agreeing to restore that territory to China, has greatly excited and intensely disappointed the Japanese nation. It is added that the suspension of newspapers continues and the Japanese subjects and the foreign legations are strictly guarded.

Yokohama, May 13.—The decree of the mikado delivered May 10 calls upon his Japanese subjects to discuss national affairs calmly. The text of the treaty of peace has been published, together with the supplementary convention, providing for the temporary occupation of Weihaiwei.

St. Petersburg, May 13.—The Chinese legation here has been informed that the convention for fixing the indemnity to Japan for her relinquishment of the Liaotung peninsula will be shortly signed at Tokio.

Seoul, Corea, May 14.—The trial of Li Yeshun, formerly Corean minister to Japan, and others, charged with murder and treason, resulted to-day in the conviction of Li and his sentence to penal servitude for life. Officials convicted at the same time were condemned to death.

Berlin, May 13.—A dispatch received here from Tokio says an imperial decree, dated May 10, announces that, in conformity with the friendly advice of Russia, Germany and France, and in order to secure a lasting peace, the mikado has recommended that the Japanese government conclude a special agreement with China providing for the restoration of the Liaotung peninsula.

Tokio, May 12.—The recent achievements of Japan have led her to turn her attention to securing a treaty with Nicaragua, in which she will secure marked privileges in the Nicaragua canal. The subject has been under discussion at Washington City between Dr. Guzman, representing Nicaragua, and the representatives of Japan. At one time the basis of a treaty seemed to have been reached. Dr. Guzman feared, however, that the United States might have cause to object to seeing privileges accorded to Japan. The objection was met by the representatives of Japan by a proposition that Japan should receive the same privileges as the countries with which Nicaragua has treaties, except the United States, it being expressly recognized that the United States is entitled to superior advantages because of proximity to Nicaragua. The negotiations stopped at this point, and the treaty has not yet been concluded, nor is it being further urged for the present, although no doubt exists among officials that a satisfactory treaty will be made, giving Japan privileges in the canal commensurate with her growing power as a military and commercial nation.

Washington City, May 12.—The Tokio cable stating that Japan has an eye on the Nicaragua canal, presents a new and important phase of the canal question, in which the United States has taken such a vital interest.

Thus far the United States has regarded Great Britain as the only dangerous competitor for the use or control of the canal. Now Japan's interest in the canal presents a new factor. Her victories over China promise to make her a prominent power in the Pacific. By gaining privileges in the use of the Nicaragua canal, Japan will also secure direct access to the Atlantic, without the long trip around Cape Horn. The importance of a quick route to the Atlantic from Japan is said to be very great from a naval and commercial standpoint. The details of the recent negotiations at Washington City cannot be learned, as treaty making is guarded with much care until the instrument is concluded. Minister Kurino will leave for Mexico at an early date to present his credentials as minister to that country, to which he is accredited as well as to the United States.

The steamer Pekin left Tokio on the 27th ultimo and arrived at San Francisco on the 12th instant. She reports that great indignation is expressed by the Japanese at the coalition of France, Russia and Germany to deprive her of the fruits of her victory.

The attitude of England is regarded with deep interest and some surprise. It has long been thought here that if any western nation watched with jealousy the rapid development of Japan's power, it was Great Britain. It is needless to say that her refusal to take part in the unfriendly manifesto causes great gratification, and the practicability of a coalition between Japan and Great Britain is already discussed in influential quarters. For some time past a steadily increasing dislike for England and the English has been displayed by the Japanese, while France, next to the United States, has been the object of their especial regard. A week hence, or as soon as the action of the several states is clearly understood, the sentiments will be radically reversed.

The Empress left Hiroshima for Kioto on April 25, and the Emperor followed next day. Before starting he signed the ratification of the peace treaty. Their majesties will remain in Kioto about two weeks and will then return to Tokio, where their reception will be on a magnificent scale.

Prince Komatsu, commander-in-chief of the armies, arrived at Port Arthur on April 10. He is expected to return, with as little delay as possible, bringing back all troops that are not required for garrison purposes.

The cholera in the Pescadores is no longer considered dangerous. Disbanded Chinese soldiers in those islands have gladly entered the Japanese service as laborers.

Chinese captives in Japan, having heard that the treaty requires them to be sent home, are begging that they may remain.

The revised treaty between France and Japan is ready for execution; that between Germany and Japan nearly so.

The sale of a Japanese newspaper published in San Francisco, called the Soko Shimpo, has been prohibited in Japan.

A Japanese governor-general will be appointed for Formosa.

G. Lowther, secretary of the British legation in Tokio, is appointed charge d'affaires. Minister Trench returns home incurably ill.

Chinese merchants in Japan, many of them men of wealth and standing, profess great satisfaction with the conclusion of peace, and are about to send a petition to the court at Pekin praying that Li Hung Chang be rewarded for his services, as it is certain that he secured the best possible terms of agreement. It is true that by his entreaties the Japanese were persuaded to make important abatements of their original demands.

The Bostons are here. Try them.

ABSINTHE, CURSE OF FRANCE.

Vitality of the Nation Sapped by the Insidious Drink.

Dostor Lancereaux, the celebrated French physician, has lent to the French Medical Academy a statistical report of the use of absinthe in France, which has created a sensation, as it shows in plain figures how year after year the favorite drink of the French people is undermining the vitality of the nation, and his report is doubly interesting when it is taken into consideration that the United States, next to France, is the greatest consumer of this poison in the form of alcoholic stimulant.

Absinthe is procured by pounding the leaves and flowery tops of various species of wormwood, with angelica root, sweet flag root, the leaves of diptany of Crete, starnise fruit, and other aromatics and macerating these in alcohol. After soaking for about eight days the compound is distilled, yielding an emerald colored liquor, to which a proportion of an essential oil, usually that of anise, is added.

Dr. Lancereaux in his report estimates that of twenty patients, ten are suffering from alcoholic poison, five from the use of absinthe and five from other intoxicants. He says it would be an interesting study to ascertain what influence the habit of absinthe has had on the social organization of the nation and the power it has on the political history of France. They that dared to raise a warning voice were called traitors, foreigners, spies in the employ of Germany. To-day we cannot shut our eyes to the truth; it is seen to exist on every hand, and the cry is now to establish legal boundaries for the prevention of the consumption of absinthe, the nation's most dangerous enemy, and similar alcoholic poisons.

Principles or Votes—Which?

Both will be important in the coming elections. Both parties want votes; principles may come in later. Some people say that the principles tell in the long run more powerfully than votes. Certainly, the principle, or root motive of Rigby, has told convincingly all over the country. The old rubber waterproof is dead and buried. The problem was to produce a garment which, while being perfectly waterproof, should at the same time, be unobjectionable as an ordinary overcoat. This dual character is admirably sustained in Rigby Porous Waterproofs. A Spring Overcoat; a waterproof garment; perfect ventilation; durable service. Don't be afraid of the rain or the chilly air; Rigby will protect you from both. Rigby is talked about, worn by thousands.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Pullman vestibuled sleepers, lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to E. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building. *

Chase & Sanborn's

Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

MORMON SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Town Life Blended With the Charms of Rural Existence.

Social changes of a marked character will be wrought by the occupation of the arid region, writes William E. Smythe on "The Conquest of Arid America," in the Century. In this matter also Mormon experience is luminous. Brigham Young sought to found his prosperity not only on industrial ethics, but also upon the happiness of the people. He would not tolerate idleness, and the walls of cobblestones still standing in the older portions of Salt Lake City were invented that the church might pay for the labor of men who would otherwise have been temporarily supported by charity. As a means of furnishing entertainment, various diversions were planned, including the Saturday night dance, led by the bishops of the wards.

The leader's wisdom is almost as clearly exhibited in his social scheme as in his plan of industry. The central idea in it was the farm village. A village site, generally half a mile square, is selected in the midst of a tract of 5000 to 6000 acres, to be colonized. In Utah there are many small valleys between the towering mountains, and the village site is generally located near the centre of the valley, and near the river from which the water is diverted into canals on each side at a sufficient elevation to command the irrigable lands. The half a square mile is then laid out into blocks of four acres, with broad avenues between, and the blocks are divided into lots of an acre each. On these acre lots the farmers have their homes. Here also are their commodious barns. Here they have their poultry and swine, while considerable space is devoted to a market garden. The farmer then has his farm on the outlying lands, which are divided into lots ranging from two acres up to twenty acres.

From the public park in the centre to the farthest outlying farm is only two and a half miles. Most farmers traverse a much shorter distance to reach the farm from their homes. On the other hand the women and children enjoy the important advantage of having near neighbors, while the church, school house, stores and postoffice are near at hand. Under this system the advantages of town life are blended to a very considerable degree with the charms of rural existence. It is a system full of delightful possibilities. The Mormons have realized its substantial advantages in neighborhood association; but their model will be much improved upon by many colonies of more recent establishment. Farm life under the old conditions has involved isolation. The hunger for human sympathy and comfort has driven thousands from the country to cities already overcrowded. This factor is responsible for many a social tragedy, as well as for the problems which have arisen in congested city populations.

There is no reason why farm villages patterned after those of Utah should not have a social life and an outward beauty quite as pleasing as, for instance, the suburbs of Boston. There the architecture seems almost uniformly pleasing. Attractive lawns, with trees, vines and flowers, are everywhere. People of small means will be able to surround themselves with similar advantages in the farm villages of the arid region, while realizing all the benefits of independence and equality inseparable from the industrial scheme or irrigation.

PLAYING FOR HIGH STAKES.

A Chronicler of the Gambling at the Court of George II.

Here is a little picture of pastimes at the court of George II, and his Queen. It is in a letter from Lady Bristol to her husband, under date of London, Jan. 7, 1729.: "The miserable setting out which I had both in body and mind still continues its wretched course, my three days' journey was supported by as many doses of laudanum, the strength of which enabled me to go to court yesterday morning, where I was most graciously received and you were very kindly inquired after. I introduced Lady Hervey to the Prince of Wales, the most agreeable young man that it is possible to imagine, without being the least handsome, his person little, but very well made and genteel, a liveliness in his eyes that is indescribable, and the most obliging address that can be conceived; but the crown of all his perfections is that just duty and regard he pays to the King and Queen, with such [illegible] to them, were the greatest pleasure of his life, and they receive it with the utmost joy and satisfaction, and the father's fondness seems to equal the tenderness of the mother, so that I believe the world never produced a royal family so happy in one another; pray God long continue it.

"I thought to have told you this and a great deal more by the coach, and set out this morning at 4 o'clock, therefore excused myself from hazzard at night to have the evening for that purpose; but as I was satt in my great chair I received a letter from the Princess Amelia to come and receive £50 of her money for a share with me at hazzard, and that I must play; I thought it would not be civil to refuse her, besides, the inclination one can't but have to do whatever she desires; therefore I sent to my old ally, Lord Godolphin, and the Duke of Grafton, who both offered their purses. We lost £30 apiece, the King lost all his, the Queen part of hers; the Prince lost £200, after having won double that sum, but the winning and losing was with an equal good air, throwing at all; the Princess Royal won £464, the Duchess of Marlborough had lost £500 and rose a winner of £300, all of which she got of the Duke of Grafton, who lost £800, the other three men I can tell no particulars of; they were the Duke of Norfolk, Lord William Manners and Lord Ashburnham; but I must return to the Duchess of Marlborough, whose spirits were beyond anything I ever saw for the whole time, tho' she was forced to be carried to the table in a chair and fixed there, before the King and Queen came; after this had company to sup and sat up till between 3 and 4 in the morning."

That tired feeling, loss of appetite and nervous prostration are driven away by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes pure blood.

For 20 Years

the formula for making Scott's Emulsion has been endorsed by physicians of the whole world. No secret about it. This is one of its strongest endorsements. But the strongest endorsement possible is in the *vital strength* it gives.

Scott's Emulsion

nourishes. It does more for weak Babies and Growing Children than any other kind of nourishment. It strengthens Weak Mothers and restores health to all suffering from Emaciation and General Debility. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption, Blood Diseases and Loss of Flesh.

Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists 50c. & $1.

The Seductive Politician Wins Votes by

"Ways that are dark
And tricks that are vain,"

But an honest cigar wins regard because of the superior quality of the tobacco and the skilful care exercised in its manufacture.

The undermentioned brands can always be relied upon, and the smoker who cannot find among these a weed to his taste is hard to please indeed.

"Sonodora,"
"Mi Rosa,"
"Creme de la Creme,"
"Fortier's La Fayette."

This Food should recommend itself to the judgment of every Mother who wishes her baby to be nourished and developed exactly as nature designed it should be.

MILK GRANULES,

The perfect equivalent of Mother's Milk.

This food is specially prepared for infants during the early months of infancy, as it is **absolutely free from Starch, Glucose and Cane Sugar,** and contains nothing that is not naturally present in Milk, and lacks nothing that is in breast milk of good quality.

If your grocer or druggist does not keep it, send direct to

The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

$50 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any article belonging to the said premises, or defacing injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B.C., March 20th, 1895.

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! ! !

Tiles . . . . . .

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J. W. Keller,
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by indiscretion in youth. Six boxes cure when all else fails. One box will prove its merits. Are unsurpassed by other medicines at any price. Ask for Medicine Chest, containing five boxes, guaranteed to cure any case, $5. Sold by all druggists everywhere. Send for pamphlet free. Address, GREAT ENGLISH CHEMICAL CO., LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. sep27

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharges. No aches or pains on approach. Recommended by over 10,000 ladies. Unsolicited testimonials. Invigorates the organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed for stamp. $1.00 per box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

M. A. WYLDE

Has charge of the

CITY CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES.

and is authorized to collect therefor.

TIMES P. & P. CO.

Butter and Eggs.

J. & A. CLEARINGE,
20 Yates Street.

m7-tf

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Earl, Burk, Kurtz, grocers; Chatham street, or Fred Carter, 30 Cormorant and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. LOFTUS BROWN, Secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard Street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. G. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 139

MONEY TO LOAN,
AT A REASONABLE RATE ON APPROVED SECURITY.
S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley St., Victoria.

SIMEON DUCK. THOS. T. HULL.
S. DUCK & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,
House, Land and Commission Agents. Account sales promptly settled. Cash advanced on goods for absolute sale. Highest prices paid for household furniture.
Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria.

JEWELERS, ETC.

Nickle Alarm Clocks, 90c.
S. A STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A dry goods man at the White House. m14-3t

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wk1y3m

WANTED—MEN IN EVERY LOCALITY to distribute samples and advertising matter; good pay; steady work the year round. For particulars address, with stamp, at once, C. & U. S. Advertisers' Agency, Box 450, London, Ontario. m2-4w

TO LET

TO RENT—Furnished front room suitable for one or two gentlemen. 9 Avalon road, third house from Park. m13-2t

TO LET—For housekeeping, suite of rooms furnished for two, with good address. 15 Caledonia Avenue. Mrs. Wharton, City. ma3-1m

TO LET—Furnished rooms with use of kitchen and bath; 104 Pandora street. m1-1m

TO RENT—A well furnished five-roomed cottage; on the car line; desirable location; fruit trees; possession given at once. Apply F. B. Williams, Times Office.

FOR SALE

COWS with calves or without for sale. Apply to J. W. Rowland, or Matthias Rowland, Burnside Hotel. m13-tf

FOR SALE—House and Lot on Superior st., Price $725.00; $225.00 cash; balance on easy terms. Apply J. St. Clair Blackett, 74 Yates st. m10-1w

FOR SALE—A Snap. One hundred $10 shares in the Victoria Tramway Co., at $2.50 per share. Also cheap 80 acres and improvements near McPherson's Station, for $500, on easy terms. A. W. Mode & Co, 70 Douglas street.

TRY MARSHALL'S Home-Made Bread. Delivered fresh daily. Full weight, 50 Broad St.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE "GEM" RESTAURANT is now open all night. Meals 15c. and upward. Cor. Government and Johnson street. m13-3t

LOST OR FOUND

LOST—On Sunday afternoon in straits off Esquimalt, a varnished cedar canoe, "Electra." Reward for information as to whereabouts. Wm. Christie, C.P.R. Telegraph office. m14-3t

LOST—A GOLD LOCKET on Saturday, engraved rim and plain back. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Times office.

WANTS.

WANTED—A small furnished cottage for one year; no children. Address E. W., Times office. m13-tf

A LADY DESIRES A POSITION as Governess. English, French. Cambridge (England,) certificate. Music. A. A. J., Times office. ma4-2w

WANTED—At Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson street, cash customers for Garden Tools, Paints, etc. Cheap, cheap for cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER,
Room 7, - Board of Trade Building.
..At Salesroom..
May 16th---Real Estate. Particulars hereafter.

MAY.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

The Daily Times.

"INDEFINITE."

Sir Richard Cartwright is assailed by Tory editors with the usual cry of "indefiniteness" because in his speech in the budget debate he did not specify in detail the duties the Liberals would impose if they were in power. The objection is a remarkably silly one, but then Tory editors are just at present badly in need of a cry, and in their desperation some allowance may be made for them. The amendment to the motion for supply offered by Sir Richard is quite definite enough for reasonable people. It is as follows:

"That the estimates for the fiscal year 1894-95 amount to the sum of $38,517,152, independently of any further supplementary estimates which may be brought down; that the said sum of $38,517,152 is in excess of the amount expended in 1893-94 by the sum of $922,127; that the deficit for the year 1893-94 amounted to $1,210,322, that the deficit for the present year is estimated by the minister of finance at $4,500,000; that from the statements made by the ministers of the crown in this house it appears that our existing obligations for railway subsidies and for public works now in progress will involve a further outlay of $20,000,000, computed as follows:

"For railway subsidies, now voted, $8,729,000.

"For the St. Lawrence canals, $6,000,000.

"For the Trent Valley canals, $5,000,000.

"For Intercolonial railway and mining works, $1,000,000. Total $20,729,000.

"The interest on which sum, together with the subsidy provided by statute to be paid on account of a fast Atlantic service, will entail an addition to our already very heavy annual fixed charges of $1,400,000; that inasmuch as enormous sums of money are extracted from the people of Canada, which are not paid into the treasury, and inasmuch as the burthens of the people are thereby greatly and unnecessarily increased, and it is of the utmost importance to the well-being of the community that not only should the present extravagant expenditure be diminished but that the said burthen should be reduced as largely and as speedily as possible; it is expedient that in making provision to restore the equilibrium between revenue and expenditure, as recommended in the speech from the throne, the existing tariff be modified that it may be made a tariff for revenue only."

This we suspect, was a little too definite for the comfort of Mr. Foster and his friends, who have no answer to make to the arraignment of their bad management of the country's affairs.

ANY PORT IN A STORM.

With a view to misleading its readers regarding the destructive operations of the National Policy upon Canada's shipping the Colonist adopts the method employed by the Yankee protectionist. When the American McKinleyite is told that protection has driven the stars and stripes from the seas he invariably denies the well-know fact and proceeds to quote the amount of tonnage, seagoing and coastwise, cleared at the customs houses in the United States. It is an old trick, but it is too thin. No mention whatever is made of native bottoms. And when stringing out its list of figures our esteemed contemporary, following the Yankee idea, carefully abstained from alluding to the tonnage of Canadian bottoms. How an increase in clearance tonnage (and a very small increase it is by the way), which is mostly composed of tonnage not Canadian, can be regarded as a healthy sign of Canadian shipping is somewhat puzzling. The figures furnished by the Times showing the decrease of native tonnage and the falling off of native ship-building are quite correct. And it is only by appealing to these figures that a true estimate of the destruction can be formed. In the list of clearance tonnage one ship or steamer plying between two adjacent ports is cleared twice each day and her tonnage goes to increase the total, although it is only one vessel. The dishonest character of the trick employed by our contemporary is too apparent.

Where are the ship-yards of Quebec, of Tusket, of Yarmouth, of Belleveau Cove, of Pictou? Where are the white-winged fleets of Yarmouth, Pictou, Quebec, Maitland and Arichat? The fleets have sailed never to return. They have vanished beneath the horizon forever and thistles grow in the ship-yards. The destruction is complete. Its decadence began with the National Policy, which by reducing our foreign trade inevitably reduced the merchant marine of Canada.

Now, admitting that steamers can be built as cheap as wooden ones, say $50 per ton ready for sea, and also admitting that this has the effect of injuring the wooden ship-building industry, it is not a sufficient explanation of the large decline in native tonnage since 1879. Why is it that the yards that fashioned wooden ships are unable to fashion iron ones? The answer is that the National Policy by enormously increasing the cost of iron adds so much to the cost of constructing iron ships that they can be built for half the price abroad.

Mr. Henry Fry, a well-known Conservative and ex-president of the Dominion Board of Trade, deals extensively with this question in a very interesting article in the May number of the Canadian Magazine. Mr. Fry in lamenting the decadence of the shipping industry asks: "But why should not Quebec build and engine steel steamships?" And proceeds to answer the question in the following way: "A few years ago not a single iron or steel steamship had been built in Ireland. To-day one firm alone, Harland & Wolff, of Belfast, employ ten thousand hands and pay $70,000 a week in wages. They have thirteen building slips and have turned out some of the finest ships afloat." He then goes on to show that Quebec is better situated for steel ship-building than Philadelphia, Belfast, and, in some respects, Glasgow. The steel plates, frames, beams, etc., for the Irish yards are not produced in Ireland. They are produced in England or Scotland, and Harland & Wolff import them free, there being no National Policy to keep them out. Mr. Fry deals with ocean freights, cost of labor, Quebec yellow pine for finishing, and after thoroughly treating the matter, concludes with the following table:

Ships Built in 1893.

	Tons.
United Kingdom	836,000
Colonial and foreign	191,000
	1,027,000

Ships Built in 1894.

	Tons.
United Kingdom	1,046,000
Colonial and foreign	277,000
	1,323,000

This applies to ships built, not cleared at the customs house, where a ferry boat can be entered three or four times a day. Abolish the iron duties—place iron and the manufactures of iron on the free list, and Canada will build her own vessels.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed an exhibit at the World's fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits."

PERSONAL.

H. J. Kirkland, of Ladner's, is in the city.

John E. Emery and bride, of Mission, are at the Oriental.

J. Thomas and A. Mather, of Seattle, are at the Victoria.

D. Alexander, of Winnipeg, is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

Mrs. Landes, of Port Townsend, is in the city visiting relatives.

Joseph W. Wey leaves in the morning for Toronto via the C.P.R.

E. C. Baker was a passenger from the Mainland last evening.

E. E. Clifton, of the Standard Oil Company, is at the New England.

Capt. George Roberts, of the Willapa, came over from the Sound last evening.

Robert Ward and family left this morning for England via the C.P.R. and s.s. New York.

J. A. Thomson, steamboat inspector, who went to Vancouver on the Mowera, returned last evening.

James Ramsay, of Ramsay Bros. Co., wholesale confectioners, Vancouver, is staying at the Wilson.

Geo. G. Bigger, of the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association, arrived from Vancouver on last night's boat.

John Burns, jr., Jas. F. Garden and E. E. Evans, of Vancouver, and A. J. Armstrong, of New Westminster, are at the Driard.

C. D. Mogridge, Hall's Prairie; D. Rowan, Terra Nova; John Armstrong, Surrey, and Capt. Garland, North Bend, are at the Oriental.

Rev. T. E. Cluss, D.D., one of the founders of Cluss & Young, Super Chemical Engineers, Chicago, is in the city to attend the convention now being held here.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

THE WHEEL.

S. P. Moody was elected second lieutenant and Frank Penwill third lieutenant of the Victoria Wheelmen at a meeting held last night.

CRICKET.

The St. George's Society of Vancouver has organized the Britannia Cricket club.

Thursday night at 8 o'clock a meeting will be held at the drill hall to form a cricket club.

CLUB MATCH.

The Victoria Cricket Club will play their first club match of the season at Caledonia Park on Saturday. The teams follow:

Captain Pooley, Dr. South, A. G Smith, Mr. Lefroy, B. Goward, H. D. Helmcken, W. Wallis, R. J. Perry, T. Pooley, A. Scroggs, A. P. Luxton, Mr. Crabbe and E. Foster.

Captain Mack, A. T. Drinkwater, Captain Barnes, G. S. Holt, J. F. Foulkes, Mr. Hilton, B. Drake, P. AE. Irving, C. W. Rhodes, C. W. Ward, Cornwall, C. N. Gowen and E. A. Pauline.

LACROSSE.

THE NEW GROUNDS.

The new athletic grounds at Oak Bay will be ready for the lacrosse match to be played on the afternoon of May 25 between the Capitals of Victoria and the Maple Leafs of New Westminster. Seeding will be completed this week and work on the grand stand is being pushed.

YACHTING.

The new yacht Frou Frou, belonging to Commodore Kirk of the yacht club, has been rigged and will be taken out on a trial trip shortly. The Frou Frou has won 14 out of 15 events for which she was entered on the Thames. She is a good second to the Sorceress, the best yacht of her class in England.

CHESS.

The San Francisco-Victoria International chess tournament will open May 26. Final arrangements for the match are being made.

The rank of players of the chess club has been re-arranged as follows by the handicapping committee:

Class 1—T. Piper, J. R. Hunnex, P. Schwengers. Class 2—Dr. Hands, B. Williams, J. Rowbotham and C. Schwengers. Class 3—A. Gonnason, P. T. Johnson, F. C. Berridge, B. J. Ferry and B. Schwengers. Class 4—Capt. Clarke, E. A. Wolff, C. D. Mason and R. H. Johnston. Class 5—J. Scowcroft, B. Goward, T. Lawrie, Gunner Ayton, Sergeant Scanlan and E. C. Bour. Class 6—H. Lawrie and Sergeant Phillips.

WAS IT A COLLISION?

Wreck of the Mogul Probably Caused by Colliding With her Tow.

The tug Mogul is a total wreck. That is the report here, and the owners do not deny it. A dispatch was received here last night by the owners, but they would not say anything other than the crew will be in Victoria on Thursday night, and that efforts made to pull off the Mogul from where she is beached at Tatoosh have proved ineffectual. No further particulars as to the cause of the accident are forthcoming. The following is from the Seattle Post-Intelligencer: "The tug Mogul of Victoria, towed the British bark Dazra to sea this morning. After the bark let go her hawser the tug came alongside for the purpose of getting her heaving line. In endeavoring to do this they came in collision, the tug receiving a glancing blow which badly spring her stem. Capt. Smith, of the Mogul, finding the water coming in rapidly, made for the straits and succeeded in beaching her two miles east of Tatoosh light. She lies in an exposed position, but Capt. Smith expects to get her off if the weather holds good. The bark was damaged but slightly, and went to sea."

—"Ten people out of a dozen are invalids," says a recent medical authority. Eight out of these ten it is safe to allow are suffering from some form of blood disease which a persistent use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla would be sure to cure. Then, don't be an invalid.

The Bostons are here---try them.

Public School.

Five dollars will be paid to any boy or girl writing the best advertisement, limited to 60 words; subject: "Parasols and Sunshades," to be handed in no later than May 18, 1895. John Partridge, Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

The Bostons are here. Try them.

H. Cuthbert & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.
AUCTION SALE
—OF—
Choice Flowering and Bedding-Out Plants....
—ON—
Wednesday, May 15,
at 2 p.m.
Particulars to-morrow.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

Brief Locals.

—The fire department was called out at 4 o'clock this afternoon. There was a small blaze in a woodshed in the rear of a Mears street house. Damage nominal.

—Any furniture or carpet house in Victoria will recommend work done at the Victoria Machine Carpet Cleaning works, U. G. Crocker, proprietor, 138 Fort street. Telephone 583.

—Augustus Thomas' play, "Alabama," will be presented at the Victoria theatre on Monday and Tuesday evenings next. With the merits of the "Alabama" company the theatre-goers of this city are familiar. Nearly all of its members are actors of established reputation. Col. Preston is an old Southerner who, 15 years after the war, still hates the North. He has double reasons, for not only has his cause been defeated, but his only son, Harry, gave allegiance to the Union and fought on that side, and is supposed to have been killed. The old man still lives on his old plantation at Talladega. A railroad is to run through the little town and its projection brings to the place a northern railroad man, Captain Davenport, accompanied by a young Southern surveyor. The former, who is in reality the supposed dead son of old Col. Preston, conceals his identity for some time, fearing that his father still cherishes resentment. The play opens in the home of Mrs. Page, who, before marrying Dabney Page, had loved Harry Preston, but they had been separated by cruel parents. Young Preston had also married afterwards, but after leaving for the north his wife had died and left a child, Carey Preston, of whose existence her father has thus far been kept in ignorance. These threads of the story are deftly interwoven and gather up in a logical and coherent way in the final scene.

The Bostons are here---try them

PASSENGERS

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—May 15—E W McNeil, Mrs McNeil, F C Davidge, V W Mitchell, F E Clark, Jas H Orr, E Ulin, Wm May, G Anderson, J McLeod, Mrs Unerhill, Jas W Speed.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Mrs Whittstone, Capt Geo Roberts, John Perry, J E Clifton, Mrs McLain, Mrs Logan, D Formon, H J Ward, Mrs Landes, W Bouser, P Bouser, R C Obertuffer, C Roy, F J Mey, Rev C F Taylor.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Miss C McAlister, T Davidson, Miss Dudley, Miss Urquhart, Miss Grant, Miss McFarland, Miss Bennet, Miss McLean, Miss Fraser, Mrs Baker, Mrs Beatty, Mrs Armstrong, Miss Dickinson, Miss James, Miss Brown, Miss Prodshan, Miss Stevens, Mrs Clements, Miss Clements, Mrs Cross, Mrs E M Barret, J W Barwick, P G Caple, C Milne, J B Herregs, S Lazier, I C Shermerhorn, J Pierre, O Kanold, E P Ferester, E S Robson, Mary Jordan, H Baines, Sir John Reid, J F Garden, E E Evans, Miss Allan, Col Wright, Geo W Bigger, Duncan Rowan, F V Austin, J A Thompson, Miss Dawson, E C Baker, J Ramsay, J Burns, Mrs T G Mitchell, Richard Farrell, Mrs Lynn, S Machre, Jas Bishop, Mrs Bishop, A B Spain, J C Voss, Mrs Emory, J E Emory, John Armstrong, A J Armstrong, C D Mogridge, John Thompson, Miss Way, R Abernethy, John Larson, A Pierre, K M Galbraith, Jas Woods, C F Raymond, Capt Garland, G E Broadfield, Miss M Mason, A W Lewis, Mary Ellis.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—W C, R P R & Co, E J Saunders & Co, A McLean, Vic Elec Ry & Lt Co, McGregor & J, A P P & Co, E J Saunderson, Y & S.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Standard Oil Co, Langley & Co, M W Waitt, R E Gosnell, D Spencer, J Piercy, H B Co, J E Grane, Mrs F J Dunn, J Parsons, Cora E Tugwell, D B Campbell, E B Marvin, Gim Fook Yuen, P R Stewart, Vic Elec Co, W Lough, W Jackson, Dom Exp Co.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—G H Maynard, Lenz & Leiser, Order of The Jas Robertson Co, J H Todd & Son, Jas Sommers, R T Williams.

The Bostons are here. Try them.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BOWES' DRUG STORE

(27 JOHNSON STREET)
HAS REMOVED .....
to 100 Government St.,

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Arrived—New wall papers, Mellor. *

Guaranteed shaving outfits at Fox's. *

—The best shaving outfits at Fox's. *

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's. *

—Lacrosse goods at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Board and lodging at the Vancouver Hotel has been reduced to $4 per week.*

—Best tomatoes, corn, peas and salmon 10 cts. per can at Hardress Clarke, cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

—A consignment of Typewriter's Paper on sale. Will make ten copies if required. Johnston's, Kirk Block.

—Do not forget that you can get a real good Filter at Weiler Bros. These Filters are essential household commodities and are really health preservers. *

—Hales & Bell have been awarded the contract for raising the Yates street sidewalk below Government street. Their tender was $257.

—A social will be held by Alexandra lodge, Sons of England, in Sir William Wallace hall to-night. The minstrel troupe will appear.

—There will be a May-pole dance at the Foresters' picnic on June 15. Large contingents are expected to attend from other British Columbia cities and from the Sound.

—We'd like to have the contract to keep you dressed rigat—in clothes that fit—you won't have to buy often. Suits $5 to $15. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—An appreciative audience attended the piano recital of Miss May Cook at the Conservatory of Music last night. Miss Cook played selections from the leading composers and was heartily applauded. Miss Sharp sang several pretty pieces.

—The California Trade Review is the name of a new sixteen-page weekly newspaper issued at Los Angeles, Cal., D. M. Carley being editor and George A. Morphy business manager. The review promises to be a first class trade journal, and no doubt in the larger field to be found in California Mr. Carley will be able to make it a commercial success.

—Tacoma is to have a rose and strawberry festival in June, the dates being June 20, 21 and 22. That will be the height of the rose and strawberry season on Puget Sound, and growers promise the most complete display of flowers and berries ever seen in the Northwest. One of the features will be a display of the ever-bearing strawberries which produce berries in this climate from June to December.

—Ald. Williams has still another motion to bring up at the next meeting of the council. It follows: "That as no provision is made in the estimates for the payment of an assistant engineer, and as the city is now paying for the services of two engineers and an assistant, that the services of the assistant be dispensed with, but that Mr. Wilmot's services be retained for the present at a more economical figure as per estimates."

—The Canadian Kennel Gazette, in suggesting the name of Mr. L. F. Perrin as judge of Irish setters and Irish water spaniels at the shows to be held under the auspices of the Canadian Kennel club, says: "Mr. Perrin, of Closter, N. J., late of Kingston, Ireland, is probably the only person in America who thoroughly understands the standard in all its particulars, as he was a member of the committee of the Irish Setter Club of Ireland when the standard was framed; out of a committee of six chosen to prepare the standard, his and one other gentleman's report were those that the present standard was based upon. As well as being a good judge of the breed he has been a very successful breeder, having owned and bred Ch. Hector, Ch. Kate, Ch. Wee Kate and numerous other prize winners. Hector was probably the best Irish setter ever bred, having won the White House cup against 132 entries of all setter classes and breeds, which beats all previous records of Irish setters. Mr. Perrin was one of the chief organizers of the Irish red setter field trials, and shot over and won at said trials with his dogs." Mr. Perrin was formerly a resident of Victoria, and is a brother of Mr. G. A. Perrin of this city.

—Galvanized wire chicken fencing at cut prices. Shore's hardware. *

—Ice cream freezers at prices to suit everybody. Shore's hardware. *

—Spring capes of the proper caper are to hand at Partridge's, 80 Yates St. *

—Teeth extracted for 50 cents each. Dr. A. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas St. *

—3 more days for Partridge's competition prize ad. Boys and girls be in time and try and win the $5. *

—Best tomatoes, corn, peas and salmon 10 cts. per can at Hardress Clarke, cor. Yates and Douglas streets. *

—The Maude will leave to-night for the West Coast, and on Thursday night the Danube will leave for the north.

—George Shea, an old offender, was fined $10 or 21 days with Warden Ashby by the police magistrate this morning for being drunk and disorderly. As usual George chose the 21 days.

—To-morrow at 12 o'clock, Joshua Davies will sell at his salesroom, Bastion Square, in the estate of T. W. Carter, town lot 613, in block M, together with three-story brick residence and cottage. Sale peremptory and without reserve.

—There will be a meeting of the Garrison Artillery Rifle Association to-morrow evening in the drill hall. By consent of the members the usual notice has been waived to avoid further delay in commencing the shooting season.

—The city council convenes in adjourned session to-night. Ald. Williams has five or six notices of motion that may likely take some time in discussing, and a number of reports from standing and special committees will be dealt with.

—The round trip tickets from Seattle to Victoria and return will be sold by the local steamboat companies for $1.50 during celebration week. The round trip ticket from Tacoma has been placed at $2. These are the lowest regular rates ever quoted, and there are likely to be many who will take advantage of them.

—The first session of the small debts court was held this morning, the case involving the sum of $40.25, alleged to be due for meat. As the defendant had not been served with particulars in the suit, the case was adjourned until Wednesday next. Magistrate Macrae, who presided, was on the bench promptly at 11 o'clock and promised to be as punctual at each sitting of the court.

—The city council is likely to have a couple of damage suits on hand. A defective sidewalk on the corner of Collinson and Vancouver streets has been the cause of two painful accidents within the past fortnight. A lady fell down a week ago, bruised her limbs and sprained her ankle. Four nights ago a man fell and sustained several cuts and bruises. He had to be taken into a neighboring house.

—E. L. Jones, who came up from Australia on the Miowera, has been spending some time at the Coolgardie mines. He has visited most of the big mining camps of the world, among others Kootenay, where he is well known. He is now on his way to the Yukon. Speaking of the Coolgardie mines, Mr. Jones says the rich gravel is all on the surface, the mines petering out after two or three feet of gravel has been moved. The camp is like an immense settled mine.

—The constitutionality of the provincial law prohibiting the exporting of deer skins will be argued in the supreme court Saturday morning. Since the formal conviction of Boscowitz & Son on the charge of having deer skins in their possession with intention to export them, the case has been "stated" for the upper court by the attorney-general and the attorney for Boscowitz & Son, and the stating has been approved of by Magistrate Macrae, before whom the preliminary hearing took place.

—Captain George Roberts, of the steamer Willapa, which arrived at Port Townsend from Alaska yesterday, came over on the Kingston last evening. He denies the report that a number of miners are returning from Alaska, disgusted. He says the three men who returned on the Willapa were men who went to Alaska to get work and being used to ranch life in California were very easily disheartened. Howard, the Juneau editor shot by Editor Timmins, has recovered sufficiently to be on the streets, but the doctors have not yet been able to extract the bullets.

The Bostons are here---try them.

—An attempt at incendiarism has been made on the house of Napier Hibben, in course of contruction on Carr street, between Simcoe and Toronto streets. On Tuesday, when the carpenters were putting away their tools, they discovered that the boarding of the second floor had been burned. Further search showed that the floor had been saturated with coal oil, and that a quantity of shingles had been immersed in coal oil and ignited. The fire had burned for some while and had gone out. The lumber was green. The police were informed and last night a constable had an eye on the house. He was seen pacing the street. But it must have been a blind eye he had on the building, for this morning the workmen reported losing half a keg of nails. The neighbors believe that boys are the culprits. They say a number of unruly youths infest the neighborhood and they have been in many an escapade.

—When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

The Bostons are here---try them.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Lime or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

See Our New Designs **WALL PAPERS.** See Our Prices
J. W. MELLOR, - 76, 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas

"Carbonettes,"
THE VERY LATEST in Fine Photography. See them at Skene Lowe's studio, 63 Government street.

WOMEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Proceedings at Yesterday's Meeting—A Visit to the Conference.

Homes Needed at Bella Bella and Elsewhere—Election of Officers.

MORNING SESSION, MAY 14.

Convention opened at 9:30. After devotional exercises, led by Mrs. Burkholder, the recording secretary not having arrived, the report from the Centennial church auxiliary was read and adopted.

Rev. Mr. Beavis, of Bella Bella, upon being introduced to the convention, spoke of the necessity of building a home for the children of that section of the country, and urged the ladies to do all in their power to aid them in the matter.

Rev. Mr. Raley, of Kit-a-mat, was introduced. His account of the work done, and especially that in connection with the home he had started on faith, was most interesting and amusing. He thanked the friends who had so kindly remembered the children with useful gifts from time to time.

Minutes of the previous session were read and adopted.

"Coronation" was sung in Chinese by the girls from the Chinese home. One of them presided at the organ.

The discussion on the harmony of our auxiliary work with other church duties was ably led by Mrs. Nicolls. In the midst of the discussion the convention was notified that it was the pleasure of the conference to receive them. The ladies proceeded to the auditorium of the Metropolitan church in a body. Miss Bowes, for the ladies, addressed the conference in a most able manner.

The president of the conference said it gave them great pleasure to hear from the ladies, and if the branch meeting of the W. M. S. continued to grow, as it had in the past, the conference would have to be held in the Epworth League parlor and the convention have the auditorium.

The convention then retired, and after having their pictures taken, continued the business of the hour, which was reports from the committees.

The report from the committee on memorials was read by Mrs. Tate (convener.) Adopted.

A vote of thanks was given Miss Bowes for her kindness in representing the ladies at the conference. The convention adjourned until 2 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Convention re-assembled at 2 o'clock; devotional exercises led by Miss Bowes.

The questions found in the question drawer when opened by Mrs. Tate were explained in a clear, concise manner.

Roll was called and minutes of the previous session read and adopted.

The committee on modes of work, Mrs. Colter convener, brought in seven resolutions that tended to the betterment of the society. Read and adopted.

The convention had the pleasure of listening to a song from Mrs. Rowlands.

The committee on courtesies reported 32 visitors on Monday and 30 on Tuesday.

The report from the supply committee was very gratifying, boxes of clothing having been sent to the different missions, and a sewing machine to the home at Kit-a-mat during the year.

Mrs. Beavis, of Bella Bella, spoke to the ladies on their need of a home and asked that the ladies kindly endorse the memorial recommended by conference.

The president assured her that the convention would do all in their power to aid the good work.

The stirring words spoken by Mrs. Colter in giving her experience in the east, enthused the meeting and made each one present desire to emulate their eastern sisters.

There being no unfinished business, the election of officers for the ensuing year took place, resulting as follows: President, Mrs. J. F. Betts; 1st Vice-President, Mrs. C. Watson; 2nd Vice-President, Mrs. W. J. Pendray; 3rd Vice-President, Mrs. Tate; Recording Secretary, Mrs. J. B. Newcombe; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Chapman; Treasurer, Mrs. J. E. Gardiner; Branch Organizer, Mrs. Tate.

A hearty vote of thanks was given the retiring officers for their efficient services during the year.

Miss Gould, for the delegates, thanked the ladies of Victoria for the cordial manner in which they had been received.

Convention closed with the doxology and prayer.

—One of the best evidences that Ayer's Hair Vigor is an article of exceptional merit is the fact that the demand for it is constantly increasing. No one who uses this incomparable dressing thinks of trying any other preparation for the hair.

The Bostons are here---try them.

—Ice Cream Freezers are now in demand. Shore's hardware is headquarters to suit you with any size required. *

THAT WE ARE BUSY
Is the Talk of the Town.
GEO. R. JACKSON,
THE LEADER OF FASHION,
AND THE REGULATOR OF LOW PRICES,

Has established a system of doing business in the Merchant Tailoring line that commands the respect of every living person, which cannot be better proven than by the continuous rush of business that is seen throughout the day in our Merchant Tailoring Parlor.

While our competitors are complaining of hard times WE ARE WIDE AWAKE and up to the times in Low Price and good value for your money. Hence our success.

SCRUTINIZE OUR LOW PRICES.

Light Flannel and Tennis Tweed and Boating Suits, at $13.50 to $16.50.
Fine Serge and Flannel Cricket and Tennis Trousers, at $5 to $7.50.
Irish Homespun Golf Suits, Norfolk Jacket and Knickers, $17.
Any Tweed Suit in the largest stock in B. C. for only $28.
Any Black or Fancy Worsted Suit, formerly $50, only $35.

THESE SPECIALTIES TALK FOR THEMSELVES.

Mahony's, Fox's, Maddock's and Harris' Suitings, $20 to $28.
Fine Tweed and French Worsted Trousers, $5 to $9.
Fine French and English Fancy and Black Worsted Suits, $28 to $35.

In conclusion we invite the public at large to call on us and examine our special offering for the glorious coming of the 24th of May Celebration.

GEO. R. JACKSON,
Merchant Tailor,
57 GOVERNMENT ST., FIVE SISTERS BLOCK, VICTORIA, B. C.

Even a Trilby Foot.....
WOULD be improved in appearance by wearing one of the latest styles of our Tan Shoes. All shapes, sizes, and prices.
A. B. ERSKINE,
Cor. Govt. and Johnson Sts.

$25 Suits for $17.00.
R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St
Is selling a fine lot of $25 Suits for $17. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10 up. Good pants to order from $3.50 up. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.
101 DOUGLAS ST.

Pheno-Banum
The Wonderful Instantaneous Cure for
TOOTH ACHE
Endorsed by Dentists and Physicians in U. S. and Canada.
Sold by Druggists Everywhere. 25c. and 50c.

Law Intelligence.

The trial of the long pending action of the Canadian Pacific railway company against Murphy, respecting the ownership of a certain portion of the townsite of Donald, was concluded before Mr. Justice Walkem. Judgment was given for the plaintiffs with costs. Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and H. D. Helmcken, Q. C., for the plaintiffs, and A. L. Peiyea for the defendant.

The trial of the action for damages brought by Conductor Payne of the Tramway company vs. the corporation will take place to-morrow before a judge and special jury. The plaintiff was injured by running into some scaffolding on Store street while he was on the car, and claims $10,000 as damages.

To feel buoyant and cheerful use Burdock Blood Bitters. It promotes digestion wonderfully. Refuse imitations.

WARNING
$100 Reward
Will be given to any one who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade-mark which consists of the letters "T & B" Stamped in Bronze on each plug of our
T & B Myrtle Navy
SMOKING TOBACCO
and "T & B" Tin Tag on our
Chewing Tobacco
Hamilton, Ont.

ONCE BUSY, NOW QUIET

The Depressing Change That Has Come Over Maritime Province Shipyards.

Where Bustle and Activity Once Prevailed All is Silence and Decay.

Some time ago the following paper on the decadence of ship-building in the Maritime Provinces, from the pen of Christina Ross Frame, of Maitland, N. S., appeared in the Toronto Week:—

"Like unto ships far off at sea,
Outward or homeward bound, are we."

Twenty years ago or more, in the maritimes provinces of this Dominion, and especially in the province of Nova Scotia, a great and profitable industry flourished. But the days of bustle and activity in connection with this industry are fast becoming a memory only. At that time the creeks and tidal rivers, on the Bay of Fundy coast, echoed to the sounds of busy life; on most of those of sufficient size and good location vessels were being built; full-rigged ships and stately barks, modelled, built, sailed and largely owned by men of the locality, men as honest and sturdy as their own spruce ships. Thousands of tons were added yearly to Canada's mercantile marine. Now, there is scarcely a large ship built on the bay.

Many of those that remain have been sold, within these last years of freight depression, and a large number of our old Nova Scotian vessels sail under the Norwegian flag. To-day "no sounds of labor vex the quiet air" in the shipyards. Unbroken silence reigns, save for the lapping of the waves on the beach, or the cry of the sea gull as he dives for his prey in the shallows left by the receding tide on the great mud flats.

During the era of "good times" the foreign freighting business was very remunerative. It was estimated that in one county alone a million dollars were sent home from the ships at sea within a year.

Cotton freights from New Orleans, Savannah and other ports in the Southern States to Liverpool; grain from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore to various ports in Europe, and from thence general cargoes were carried around the Cape of Good Hope to the far East or around Cape Horn to the west coast of America. Cargoes were brought back of Chinese and East Indian goods from lands "where fragrant spices perfume the breeze"; nitrate and guano from the west coast of South America and wheat from California.

The children of the seaport village talked intelligently of trade winds, monsoons and doldrums, and located Bombay, Singapore, Yokohama, Bahia, Valparaiso and other familiar foreign ports with greater ease than the towns in their own Dominion.

From the first sunny day in March, when the great sticks of timber were moved, and put in position for the workmen, until November, when the last ship of the year sailed away, never to return, the waterside on a ship-building village was a veritable hive of industry. Hundreds of men were employed, and so an element added to the resident population, which has now totally disappeared.

At 7 a.m. the noise and bustle of the day's work began. To strangers these noises were a mere confused hurly-burly of sound, but those accustomed to the yard easily distinguished the sounds made by each branch of the workmen.

The sharp clink of the fastener's maul as the bolts were secured; the loud and cheery ring of the caulker's mallet; the thub, thub of the dubber's adze; the driving of tree nails, hewing of planks and the ordinary sounds of planing, sawing and getting.

The never to be forgotten hissing and spluttering noises, from the steam box, when the hot planks were withdrawn and borne away on the shoulders of the "planker's gang" to be "set" in graceful curves, round the bow or stern of the ship.

In the sheds were piles of rock salt, used in salting the ship, bundles of oakum for the caulkers, and coils of wire and manila to be used when the riggers set up their stakes.

When the hull neared completion the "sheers" were set up and other preparations made for hoisting in the masts. Strong choruses of "Heave away," "Heave Ho," "Bend to, my hearty," accompanied the groaning windlass, the rumbling ballast tub and the crash of falling stones.

It was at this stage in the building of the ship that the various smells of the yard came most strongly to the senses. The pleasant balsamic odors of pine, spruce and juniper of the earlier stages gave place to the stronger smells of pitch, tar, oil and paint. From the open door of the forge came the fumes from the galvanizing tub, and to these were added, a day or two before launching, the disagreeable smell of hot grease, used for smoothing the launch ways.

The foreman of the yard, with his most trusty men, attended personally to the laying of the ways. Great care was taken to prevent their spreading or breaking, and on their honest work depended many lives and the safety of the ship.

Ships were insured on the stocks and when afloat, but in the brief space of time included in the launching, when the ship was moving from land to water, the owner rarely had an insurance risk. Ships ready for launching represented from fifty to one hundred thousand dollars of invested capital, according to size and tonnage, and were classed A1 usually in Bureau Veritas, and sometimes in English Lloyd's.

Ships on the bay shore could only be launched when the tides were high, and the anxiety to be ready was very apparent to the shipbuilders and hands at the busy days on the stocks. Final touches of paint and tar were brushed on, yard's braced, ropes tautened and sails bent. Sometimes for unaccountable reasons the tide failed to come up to the necessary height and launching had to be postponed for a fortnight. Very often the next tide would be extraordinarily high, dykes bank full, tide marks covered, and at high water the waves lapping well under the ways.

Then came the "launching day" and what a gala day it was in those delightful summers long ago. In our shipbuilding communities a launch attracted a crowd such as no other public festivity could. Early in the day express waggons and lighter vehicles came hurring in from the back districts. Pretty girls in stiffly starched dresses sat primly in front, while often in the rear towered a bundle of fresh cut hay for the sleek farm horses. Sometimes there were two launches, one in the day tide, the other at night. A ship launched at night with its great fires in the yard and the glancing torches of the workmen had a weirdness all its own.

To the villagers the day brought its different experiences of pleasure. To the children it was "a red-letter day," from the first flutter of flags in the morning sunshine until at eventide their weary little bodies were laid to sleep. To the youths and maids who, "dreaming strayed," there were attractions offered at the town hall, where a tea-meeting was always in progress on launching day. To the wives and mothers whose sons and husbands were "going out on the voyage," the pleasures of the day were tinged with sadness. They knew too well the dangers to which "those who go down to the sea in ships" are exposed. To the young captain as he stood on the deck of his first new ship it was a day of triumph. Often poor and unaided he would by dint of perseverance and pluck have made the position for himself. The sea opened an avenue to wealth, and the "chance and change of a sailor's life" suited the hardy and adventurous Nova Scotia lads. To the builder and owner the day was one of great anxiety; all the possibilities of a mishap came trooping before him. A principal part of the savings of a lifetime had been invested in the ship, and if she met with disaster in launching it would be a serious financial loss. The foreman was here, there and everywhere, his keen eye searching out persons who were seated in unsafe places, in danger from guiding lines, falling planks or the return wave. With what anxious care he measured the in-rushing tide, saw the last man on board and the staging knocked down, then under the ship again for a last look at the block and shore to see that all were in exact position. Gangs of bare-armed men came trooping from adjacent yards to assist at the launching. Soon the merry rattle of their pin-mauls was heard "wedging her up." This sound had an intensity peculiar to itself, and caused the belated sightseers on the road to hasten their steps. Then came the splitting of blocks that are under the keel, and the knocking out of huge shores that have borne the weight of the ship while she stood on the stocks. This is a very arduous and sometimes dangerous task, as the men are obliged to scramble out in haste, or lie on the ground, as the ship moves above them. When the last block was split out the cry was raised, "There she goes." The crowd of people in the yard rose en masse and for a moment the suspense and the silence would be breathless. But when the stern rose from the water and the bow sank gracefully, showing that the ship was completely and safely afloat, the pent up feeling of the spectators found vent in tremendous cheers.

The workmen gathered up their tools and reported at the office to be paid off. If early in the season, some of them found work in other yards of the village, the rest returned to their homes in distant parts of the province. In winter the resident workmen found employment in cutting and making the timber for next season's ships. And so the busy life went on from year to year.

To-day "Ichabod" is written over all. Many of the yards have been ploughed and sown with grain; in others thistles are growing thickly through the grey and rotting chips; uprights and stages have long since gone down. Occasionally amid the desolation and decay an old crane stands, its long arms outstretched, as if in defiance of the forces that have wrought the ruin around it.

The reasons for the decay of this once great and flourishing industry are many and various. The general introduction of steam into almost every branch of the ocean carrying trade has practically taken the Atlantic business from wooden sailing ships. The opening of the Suez canal, making a shorter voyage, and convenient coaling stations for steamers have given the latter the monopoly of the East Indian trade.

These two have been the principal factors in hastening the downfall of wooden ship building and the foreign freighting business in the maritime provinces; and so withing the last decade one of the chief sources of our former prosperity has come to a regretted close.

IT WAS AT

THE FASHIONABLE SEASIDE RESORTS

last Summer that Fibre Chamois first made its reputation.

Dainty Summer Dresses and Handsome Evening Gowns came out of solidly packed trunks without a crease or wrinkle.

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It comes in three weights, 61 inch wide, 35c. per yard.

Every yard of the Genuine Fibre Chamois is Labeled. Beware of inferior imitations.

The wholesale trade only supplied by THE CANADIAN FIBRE CHAMOIS CO. MONTREAL.

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The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

The Bostons are here. Try them.

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TAKE THE

CANADIAN AND SOO-PACIFIC ROUTE . . .

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE

..TO..

Minneapolis, St. Paul, Omaha, Kansas City, Toronto, Chicago & Montreal

Running through sleepers and upholstered Tourist cars without change, through the grandest scenery in America.

For rates and all information apply to

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The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, June 8th, 1895, at 9 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa, Thursday, May 30, at 8 p.m.

For passage apply to the undersigned.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Bastion Square, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

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Shortest and Quickest Line

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NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

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Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers.

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Pullman Sleeping Cars, Elegant Dining Cars, Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

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To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.					TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "City of Kingston."					1147
8 20 pm	Lv	M 11	...Victoria...	110	Ar	4 35 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	39	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	38	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	116	...Tacoma...	M 1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
No. 255 Morrison St., corner of Third St., Portland, Or.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 24

To take effect at 8 a.m. on Friday, April 5, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Fri. Sat. Su.	No. 5 Pass. Daily.	No. 2 Pass. Daily.	No. 4 Pass. Fri. Sat. Su.
	South Bound, Read Up.			North Bound, Read Down.	
	Ar 12 30 pm	Ar. 4 00 pm		Dp. 8 00 am	Dp. 4 30 pm
Victoria					
Duncan's					
Somenos					
Westholme					
Chemainus					
Oyster Bay					
Ladysmith					
Wellington	Lv 8 00 am	Lv 7 00 pm		Ar 11 00 a	Ar 7 00 pm

On Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows, calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv Victoria .....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo ....Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday 7 a.m.

WEST COAST.

Str. Thistle,

W. LANGLEY, Master.

Steamer Thistle leaves E. & N. Wharf, Victoria, for Alberni and West Coast Points every Wednesday at 8 p.m., as freight and passengers may offer.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria station, Store Street. ap25

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 26,

Taking effect March 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

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CITY OF PUEBLA, - - MAY 18

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Boating and Tennis Suits,
Unshrinkable Flannel Pants,
PRICES LOW. Straw Hats, Cricket and Boating Shirts.
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NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

The Bank of Montreal Statement Shows a Profit Over That of Last Year.

Winnipegers Hope to Have Three Representatives on the Bisley Team.

Montreal, May 14.—Mgr. Langevin, Archbishop of St. Boniface, visited the Novitiate of the Oblates and the Convent of the Sisters of St. Anne at Lachine today.

The financial statement of the Bank of Montreal for the year ending April 30, issued to-day, shows a profit of $1,210,435, as compared with $1,313,289 in 1893-4. The profit and loss account for the year amounts to $815,152.

The towns of Brossean and St. Isidore report a heavy white frost last night. The fruit crop was damaged and will be lost.

Hon. Mrs. Herbert, wife of Major-General Herbert, and family have secured passage for Liverpool by the Parisian on June 22. General Herbert is coming back to Ottawa, but it is stated in military circles that it is merely to settle his business, and that he will return to England with his family.

Chatham, May 14.—Col. J. C. Bush, an ex-officer of the United States army and an old resident of Chatham, died suddenly yesterday.

Kingston, May 14.—Bread has advanced here from ten to twelve cents for a four pound loaf.

Goderich, May 14.—Isaac Francis Toms, senior judge of the county of Huron, died this morning after an illness of two weeks. The deceased was one of the best known men in Western Ontario.

Hamilton, May 14.—The fifteen days allowed Mrs. Mack, or Tidsy McMillan, of United States counterfeit stamp fame, in which to enter an appeal in extradition proceedings, expired on Friday, and as neither Mrs. Mack nor her friends have instructed counsel to appear, it is probable that she will return to Chicago this week.

Winnipeg, May 14.—At a meeting of the Winnipeg city council last night the Sunday street car question came up for the first time and may develop into a live and lively subject. Ald. McCreary moved, seconded by Ald. Chaffey, that from the first day of June the electric street cars be empowered to run on Sunday. It is probable a plebiscite will be taken on the question.

There is not much wheat in the province and the territories for eastern shipment, according to the report of the C. P. R. officials. All that is stored in the interior elevators will be used for home milling purposes.

Winnipeg's total assessment for the current year is $22,150,160, exclusive of the exemptions, which amount to $4,505,980. The estimated population is 37,062, an increase of 2,000 over last year.

Winnipegers hope to have three representatives on the Bisley team. Capt. Mitchell is adjutant of the team. Staff-Sergt. Wynn is the thirty-first man, and Staff-Serg. Inman the thirty-fourth in waiting.

R. Seeman's ranch at Theodore, near Yorkton, was visited by fire on Thursday. His stables and other buildings, valued at $1500, were burned; no insurance.

A young man named Drew, who was gored by a bull near Saltcoats ten days ago, is dead from his injuries.

EVILS OF THE CORSET.

Injures the Muscles and Robs the System of Air.

The evils of the corset are strongly painted by a writer on "Hygienic Dress." She calls the corset an "immense bandage of splints." "Suppose," she says, "you splint your arm for six or eight weeks, what would become of its muscles? A heavily boned corset would do well to wrap around a broken arm or leg until it heals, but it is a crime to wear it over the soft abdominal walls which incase the most wonderful system of organs, which only in their full development can give us a worthy race. Even with the splints pulled out, this garment would be hot and debilitating, and tightly worn, it interferes with the secretions and excretions of the skin. . . . If bones must be in the waist they should not run the wrong way of the body, but in conformity with nature's lines.

"Out of the harmonious lines with the ribs, they throw a great many muscles out of use, interfering with the natural breathing, the powerful intercostal muscles beneath the corset become shriveled and partially paralyzed; it becomes impossible to properly distend the diaphragm, and therefore the proper amount of life giving oxygen is not inhaled.

"The corset wearer makes her own record in the misshape of her body; in her inability to breathe correctly, and in defrauding the system of oxygen. It is needless to say that the blood becomes impure, and functional action of important organs is interfered with. Digestion and circulation are ruined, and the complexion declares the folly and the sin as plainly as Cain bore the mark of murder on his forehead.

"What is true as to tight dressing of the feet [illegible] for the neck and the whole body. Everything should be so loosely worn that a perfect circulation of air feeding the system on its surface could go on at all times between the body and the clothing."

IN PROTECTIONIST FRANCE.

Men, Women and Children Work Seven Days in the Week.

The preservation of one day in seven as a day of rest from labor of all kinds except work of charity, necessity and religion is a boon to the working classes in America which is not enjoyed anywhere in Continental Europe. From a recent report of Mr. Angell, United States consul at Roubaix, in France, we learn that throughout that country Sunday is nowhere regarded as a day on which workmen have a legally guaranteed right to be exempt from labor, but it is rather a day of waiting for work, when the laborer is expected to stand around and work if his employer needs him.

In the flour mills, refineries, distilleries and breweries, especially in the smaller ones, our consul says, "the operations requiring the least physical force are performed by women and children, and in certain establishments these contribute sometimes as much as 70 per cent. of the working force; a part of the year only in the starch works and certain distilleries. Production on Sunday is general in the manufacture of liquors and mineral waters, bakeries and salted provisions. . . . The average duration of the day's work exceeds eleven hours in the distilleries and manufactories of liquors, and it is ten and a half hours in starch works, bakeries, pastry and confectionery establishments, when these are conducted on a large scale. . . . The milling establishments have but one rule for the entire year—it is eleven hours; the breweries and manufactories of liquors and chocolate have two periods, during one of which the duration if from ten to eleven hours, and during the other period from eleven to twelve hours."

"The large chemical works," we are told, "run the year round," (a phrase in France which means run without intermission on Sunday) as a rule, and night work is frequent. "In a large number of factories Sunday morning work is quite customary. . . . The book, magazine and pamphlet finishing shops often run on Sunday in order to finish up work which the printers are always in a hurry for."

At this point Mr. Angell attempts to be unduly liberal to the paper makers by saying that "Sunday work is not usual among them," whereas in an article in these columns of recent date we cited facts from the leading organ of the paper trade showing that in the making of straw paper the manufacturers have just resolved to close the mill from 6 p.m. on Saturday until 6 a.m. on Monday, except to those making shipments of goods and repairs.

In the dyeing, fur and hide establishments women and children form only 6 per cent. of the working force in the preparatory industries (skin dressing and hide boiling); but in the dyeing they rise to 42 per cent. and in the fur establishments and in the manufacture of different objects of fur and leather they form 60 per cent. of the working force.

In the tanneries, we are told, a certain number of tanneries run on Sundays, certain employees working all day and others till noon. In the fur establishments where production increases in the autumn months, Sunday work is the rule during the busy season.

The textile industries (with the exception of the dyeing establishments, where there is often great pressure to complete orders) are not run on Sundays. Fully 50 per cent of all their employees are women. They include in France not only the weaving, spinning, dyeing and finishing establishments in which fabrics are prepared for making up, but also the men's clothing, upholstering, quiltmaking, general clothing, hat, embroidering, artificial flower and feathers, etc., which here are classed in other trades.

The carriage and wagon making shops and factories run very frequently half a day on Sundays. In the iron and steel works, "with the exception of the manufacture of iron for constructive purposes," Sunday work is rare, except when business is pressing.

In the stone industries "women and children are not employed, and work rarely ceases on Sunday, except in the masonry trade. The number of working days are therefore about equal to the number of days in the year."

Altogether, this exhibit shows that, for the wage workers as a class, there is absolutely no Lord's day, rest day or Sabbath in France. The institution has never been planted there.

This fact undoubtedly forms part of the reason of the low wage rate existing in France. No intelligence, no spirit, no sense of personal rights, no inventive force, no organizing capacity, no comprehension of democratic power, no desire for achievement or excellence, can be expected among a people who work from eleven to thirteen hours a day in the year. Much as the French have gone crazy over the word "liberty," they have not discovered that its meaning can never be known to a man who has no day of rest.—New York Press.

The Genuine Merit

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla wins friends wherever it is fairly and honestly tried. To have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all taints of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humors, and at the same time builds up the whole system.

HOOD'S PILLS are prompt and efficient. 25c.

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WAR CHESTS OF EUROPE.

One of the Factors in Commercial Depression.

Perhaps the only instance in which gold has been withdrawn from circulation, and deliberately rendered useless by locking up where it can be neither seen nor handled, except by a few highly placed government officials, is that of Germany, which maintains at the fortress of Spandau a literal war-chest, says a writer in Chambers' Journal. But its contents after all do not exceed £3,000,000, and such an amount would make little appreciable difference if returned to the general circulation of the world. It is quite different, however, with the vast sums that are stored up in the various national banks of Europe. Great Britain, able to raise large sums of money at a moment's notice, admittedly has no need to make preparations of this nature. Although the trade of the country probably exceeds that of any other country in the world, the amount of gold in the Bank of England is only some £35,000,000. Contrast with this the condition of things on the Continent. The Bank of France has no less than £77,000,000 in gold stored in its vaults, as well as about £50,000,000 in silver coin, which, being legal tender, it could put into circulation to meet any demand which might arise for an increase in the currency. The Imperial Bank of Germany holds £37,000,000 in gold and upward of £10,000,000 in silver; the Austro-Hungarian Bank about £15,000,000 in each metal. The fact is that the greater part of this gold is regarded as a war reserve, and the respective governments would not under any circumstances allow it to be parted with. Any pretense of banking reserves completely disappears, however, when we turn to Russia, which, in the state banks, the treasury and on deposit at call in several foreign countries, is credited with having £100,000,000 in gold at its disposal. Its currency is the inconvertible paper rouble, and the bullion answers no other purpose than that of maintaining the credit of the country in the money markets of Europe while peace lasts, and of giving command of a vast treasure for military purposes the moment it is broken.

We have only lately begun to realize the immense part which the formation of these war chests has played in the commercial depression from which the whole world has been so severely suffering. It is perhaps no exaggeration to say that the amount of hard cash received by the various governments in view of a possible outbreak of war, exceeds rather than falls short of £150,000,000 sterling, which would not, under any circumstances, be parted with, even for the most temporary object. It does not require much investigation to prove that the outcome of this must be anything but beneficial. The miser who hoards his gold injures others as well as himself, just as a land owner who wilfully permits his broad acres to lie waste is inflicting a blow on the community which might thrive upon the produce of the soil. For the greater part of the last twenty years, first one nation and then another has played the part of the miser, and laid a greedy hold upon treasure which should have been allowed to circulate and increase many fold the wealth of those through whose hands it passed. Nor could this have happened at a more unfortunate time; for while the output of silver increased by leaps and bounds, that of gold fell away rapidly. Had silver maintained the position it had always previously held in the world's currency, there would have been but a slight disturbance; for even had the gold been hoarded, there would have been ample silver to take its place. The gigantic efforts made to convert Europe into an armed camp impoverished the people, not merely by demanding their labor, which would have been more profitably employed in tilling the ground and tending the mill or the loom, but by heaping upon them an almost unbearable burden of taxation, which they are so much less able to meet. While this state of things continues and these war chests are being added to, there can be but little hope of any relief.

There is just a hope that the eyes of the statesmen are being gradually opened, and that we may be approaching an end of this disastrous policy. Nowhere would the desire to cry "Halt" in preparation for hostilities be more gladly welcomed than here. It is perhaps too much to hope that there will be any general disarmament, or any dispersion of the hoards which have been accumulated at so great a cost; but it would be some satisfaction to know that they would not be pushed beyond the point they have already reached. We are once more in the period of great gold discoveries and South Africa, aided perhaps by Western Australia, promises to replenish the coffers of the world. It would be the height of folly to allow the treasure now being yielded to be swept into the secrecy of military chests, or locked up in military banks, instead of going to enrich those engaged in peaceful avocations.

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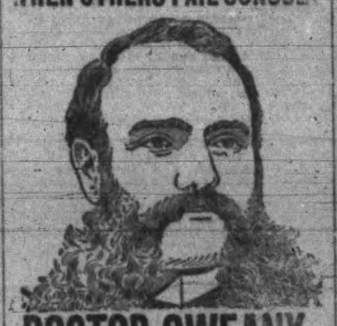

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Formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, Wash. 713 Front St. (Union Block), where they will be and afflicted can receive treatment in the future as they have in the past, from the ablest and most successful specialist of the age.

YOUNG MEN If you are troubled with bashfulness, averse to society, stupidity, despondency, loss of energy, ambition and self-confidence, which deprive you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or marriage, you should take treatment from this noted specialist before it is too late.

MIDDLE AGED AND OLD MEN—There are thousands of you troubled with weak, aching backs and kidneys, frequent painful urination and sediment in the urine, and other unmistakable signs of nervous debility and premature decay. Many die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause. The most obstinate cases of this character treated with unfailing success. Delay is dangerous.

PRIVATE Diseases—Inflammations, Strictures, Weakness of Organs, Hydrocele, Varicocele and kindred troubles quickly cured without pain or detention from business.

CATARRH—Waste poisons the breath and stomach and lungs and paves the way for Consumption. Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidney, Bladder and all constitutional and internal troubles; also Rupture, Piles, Fistula treated far in advance of any institution in this country.

BLOOD AND SKIN Diseases, Sores, Spots, Pimples, Scrofula, Syphilitic Taints, Tumors, Tetter, Eczema and Blood Poison, primary or secondary thoroughly eradicated, leaving the system in a healthy state.

LADIES—If you are suffering from painful Headaches, Painful Menstruation, Intolerable Itching, or any of the distressing ailments peculiar to your sex, you should consult Dr. Sweany without delay. He cures when others fail.

WRITE Your troubles if living away from the city. Thousands cured at home by correspondence. Strictly confidential. Medicine sent secure from observation. Book entitled "GUIDE TO HEALTH" sent free to those addressing their troubles. Address

LEVERETT SWEANY, M. D.
(Union Block)
713 Front St., Seattle, Wash.

NOTICE.

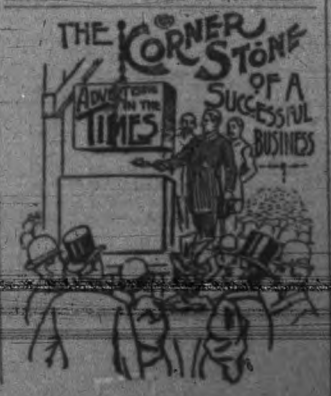
Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for the transfer of the license now held by me, to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the White Horse Hotel, corner of Humboldt and McClure streets, to Patrick Cameron.

JAMES S. ROLLIN.
Victoria, May 10th, 1895. 1m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at its next sitting, to be held on the second Wednesday in June next, for a transfer to John Berryman of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Prince of Wales Saloon, situate on the South-west corner of Government and Cormorant streets in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 4th day of May, 1895.
m11-m CORA E. TUGWELL.



LEGAL NOTICES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Findley Bros., known as the Victoria Soap Co., doing business at 32 Herald st., has this 7th day of May been dissolved, H. W. Findley having purchased the interest of F. S. Findley in said business, will pay all bills contracted by the late firm and collect all accounts due same.

F. S. FINDLEY.
H. W. FINDLEY.
May 9, 1w.

Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Ewen Morrison, of corner of Catherine and Frederick streets in the City of Victoria, B.C., Lumber Manufacturer, has by deed dated the 8th day of May, 1895, assigned all his real and personal estate liable to seizure and sale under execution unto Lewis Young, of corner of Bridge and John streets in the said city of Victoria, Clerk, for the purpose of paying and satisfying rateably or proportionately, and without preference or priority, all the creditors their just debts. The said deed was executed by the said Ewen Morrison and by the said Lewis Young on the 8th day of May, 1895.

All creditors of the said Ewen Morrison are required to send full particulars of their claims, duly verified, to the said Lewis Young on or before the 15th day of June, 1895, after which date the said Lewis Young will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Ewen Morrison among the creditors of whose claims he shall then have received notice.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., 8th May, 1895.

F. B. GREGORY,
Solicitor for the Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Ewen Morrison will be held at the office of F. B. Gregory, Solicitor, Board of Trade Building, Victoria, B.C., on Thursday, the 16th May, 1895, at 2:30 p.m. o'clock.

LEWIS YOUNG,
m8-1m Trustee

NOTICE

In the matter of the estate and effects of Arthur Thomas Bloor, deceased, Intestate.

Notice is hereby given that the Honorable Henry Pering Pellew Crease, a judge of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, did on the 4th day of April, 1895, grant letters of administration of the estate and effects of the above named Arthur Thomas Bloor deceased, to Sampson Bloor, of the City of Victoria.

All persons indebted to or having claims against this estate, are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness and send particulars of their claims to the said Sampson Bloor.

Dated 1st day of May, 1895.

WILLIAM DUCK,
Solicitor for the Administrator.
May 1-1m.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned will apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at their next sitting for a license to sell beer, porter and wines with meals, at the premises known as the "Louisville Restaurant," on the East side of Government street, Victoria, and number 93.

May 1.—30t. FRANK BERTICH.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of my interest in the license now held by A. J. and A. Bechtel, to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the California Hotel, Johnson street, to A. Bechtel.

A. J. BECHTEL.
Victoria, B.C., May 10, 1895. m10-30

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I shall apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Palace Saloon, 56 Yates street, to Heinrich Siebenbaum.

Victoria, B. C., May 10, 1895.
m10-30t R. BORTHWICK.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a transfer of the license held by me to sell wines, spirits, beer or other fermented or intoxicating liquors, at the Teutonia Saloon, Government street, to Annie Baumgart, of the city of Victoria.

H. SIEBENBAUM.
Victoria, May 10, 1895.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail, at the Western Hotel, corner of Store and Discovery streets, to James S. Rollins.

GEORGE WALKER.
Victoria, B.C., May 10th, 1895.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for a transfer of the license for the premises known as the Beehive Saloon, situate at the corner of Fort and Broad Streets, Victoria, from George Irving [illegible] Company, Limited Liability, to William Croft.

Dated this 10th day of May, 1895.

GEORGE IRVING,
JOHN COOK,
FELL & CO., LTD. LB.
WILLIAM CROFT.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE

Consideration of Reports of Various Committees—Mass Meeting in the Evening.

Stirring Speeches in Aid of the College and of General Education.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

The sustentation fund committee of the conference brought in its report as soon as the session was opened: It announces the amount of the deficiencies in the salaries of domestic missionaries in British Columbia for the past year to be $3014.00 and against this amount there had been collected in the conference the sum of $345.50 This amount was so distributed as to slightly augment the salaries of the heaviest sufferers, the chief items being as follows: Rev. J. Robson, $50; Rev. S. J. Thompson, $40; Rev. A. E. Green, $30; Rev. William Hicks, $50; Rev. E. E. Hardwick, $50; Rev. W. D. Misener, $35; Rev. James Hicks, $40; Rev. Roland Williams, $35; The report also recommended the appointment of T. R. Pearson as treasurer for the ensuing year.

The board of examiners of the conference, who have the arrangement of the annual examination of the probationers for the ministry, reported a few slight changes in the personnel of the board, and also that the next annual examination will be held in the Homer street Methodist church, Vancouver, on the second Wednesday in April, 1896. It also reported that W. J. Stone, William Hicks and Elihu Manuel had been granted supplementary examinations and had passed in all the subjects, and their report, with the various recommendations, was adopted by the conference.

The report of the committee on education showed a balance on hand from last year, which, with the receipts from the various districts made a total of $135.50. The committee recommended that A. K. Sharp, James Hicks, and E. V. Smith be sent to college, the first two named to Columbian Methodist College at New Westminster and the latter at the Wesleyan Theological College, of Montreal. After paying the expenses of the conference for the past year there was a balance on hand of $117, which was ordered to be equally divided among the students above named as aid to college. The committee further recommended that a Sabbath be set apart for the presentation of the claims of our educational work in all the circuits and missions of the conference not later than the 31st of October next, and that subscriptions and collections be taken in aid of the same. As the general conference has permitted the British Columbia conference to retain its collections for its own use the committee recommend that all such receipts be divided between the conference educational fund and Columbian Methodist College in the proportion of 20 per cent. to the former and 80 per cent. to the latter. John Jessop, Victoria, was made treasurer of the said fund.

An invitation from the board of the Central Methodist church, of New Westminster, to hold the next meeting of the conference in that city, was received, and on motion, it was accepted, and the date fixed as the third Thursday in the month of May, 1896.

The report of the committee on missions, which has been delayed owing to the long absence of the members of the Simpson district, being partially ready, was then taken up. The first clauses refer almost exclusively to the matter of the correspondence between the general secretary, Rev. Dr. Sutherland, and the officers of this conference during the past year, and are of little interest to the public. The report, however, calls attention to the difference in the cost of living, in travelling expenses, etc., in the province of British Columbia in comparison with the Eastern provinces, and recommends a reconsideration of the basis of salary as adjusted between the eastern and western work. A clause also refers to the advisability of moving the Chinese missionaries from station to station, as is the practice in vogue with Methodist ministers, and recommends that such change be made.

The clause recommending the continuance of the Glad Tidings in its work as a missionary steamer was met with some opposition, and was at last referred back to the committee in order that the committee might bring before the conference a detailed statement of the expenses incurred in running the steamer, the work she does, the number of men employed on the boat, and other details as to receipts and expenditures in connection with her work.

The conference adjourned at 6 o'clock.

THE EVENING MEETING.

The mass meeting in the evening was the last of the series in connection with the conference, and perhaps because of the opening of the sessions of the Christian Endeavor convention, was not quite as well attended as the former meetings. Rev. C. Watson took the chair and opened the meeting, Rev. James Calvert leading in prayer. After a few introductory remarks the chairman called Mr. E. Gallum, of Vancouver, to the platform, and he made a strong and telling speech on the various aspects of educational work. He was followed by Rev. J. F. Betts, of Kamloops, who roused the interest of the congregation in the college building scheme now before the conference. At the close of the address a subscription list was opened in aid of the building fund and a good sum was pledged for that purpose.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

Conference opened at 9:30 and after the preliminary work received the report of the committee on Sabbath observance which follows:

Your committee on Sunday observance report as follows: That the scripture which is our rule of faith and practice is very plain and complete in all its teachings with reference to the claims of the Sabbath upon all men, but that we are continually reminded of the great disrespect in which the Sabbath is held in this Province, as evidenced by fishing, hunting, boating, picnic parties, excursions by trains and steamboats, bicycle practice, ball games, not forgetting the promiscuous buggy and sleigh driving in quest of pleasure on God's holy day.

The action of the Vancouver and New Westminster councils in passing stringent Sunday closing by-laws cannot be too highly commended, but on the other hand we would trongly disapprove the action of the provincial parliament at its last session in its treatment of the Sabbath observance bill introduced by Mr. Kennedy, of New Westminster.

2nd. That whereas we have not failed to notice the growing tendency on the part of our people to patronize Sunday trains, Sunday steamboats and Sunday street cars, and that it is not an unusual thing to see street cars Sabbath after Sabbath filled to overflowing with worshippers going to and from the churches; we do recommend: (1) That this conference place itself on record as opposed to all such practice. (2) That all the ministers of this conference be urged to bring before their congregations at an early date the necessity of discouraging all Sunday excursions and the use of all public conveyances. (3) That this conference should take heed when arranging and rearranging the various fields not to make it impossible for the ministers to attend to all their appointments without patronizing public conveyances on the Sabbath. (4) That in arranging for conferences, district meetings, conventions and other public meetings of our church, we do strongly recommend that such arrangements be made as shall not necessitate travelling on the Sabbath day. We also recommend that Revs. C. Watson, J. F. Betts, Mr. D. Spencer and Mr. D. Donaldson be a standing committee to take the place of a similar committee appointed last year (but which failed to report), to co-operate with other committees at such a time as shall be deemed opportune and in such a manner as in the opinion of the co-operative committees shall be most effective in securing such legislation as will bring about the better observance of the Sabbath.

C. BRYANT, Chairman.
J. D. P. KNOX, Secretary.

A letter from Dr. A. E. Bolton, of Port Simpson, and also one from Mr. Okomato, was read. These letters were descriptive of the work done among the Japanese by the various Christian workers of the conference, and they were taken as the report of the conference on Japanse mission work. Revs. E. Robson, Chas. Ladner, T. Crosby, J. Jessop and W. W. Baer spoke and bore testimony to the zeal and faithfulness of the workers in this peculiar field.

Resuming the consideration of the report of the committee on missions, the conference recommended the continuance of the Indian home at Kit-a Mat under the direction of Rev. G. H. Raley, and also recommends the founding of Institutes for the training of Indian children at Upper Skeena and Bella Bella. The Dominion is to be memorialized for a grant and the W. M. S. is to be asked to aid in the erection of an Industrial Institute at Bella Bella or at a point between the Skeena river and Alert Bay.

In regard to the recent Salvation Army movement in the north among the Methodist Indians, a committee was appointed to take charge of the correspondence with the Army officers and conduct the case of the conference. The committee is composed as follows: Revs. S. Cleaver, T. W. Hall, J. P. Bowell, T. Crosby, Messrs. G. R. Ashwell and J. E. McMillan.

The committee which was appointed last evening to bring in a report of the Glad Tidings work, etc., did so, but the report was meagre and was not accepted by the conference, being referred back for fuller information.

Votes of thanks were tendered to the pastor and trustees of the Metropolitan Methodist church and the good people of Victoria who had made such complete and comfortable arrangements for the entertainment of the conference, to the choir of the church for their valuable assistance at the evening meetings, to the press for their accurate reports. A resolution of sympathy with the president of the conference in the illness of his esteemed wife, with the wish that he would convey to her the sympathies of the conference and the assurance of their earnest prayers for her speedy recovery, met with the hearty support of the members.

The report of the church property committee was then begun. The clause authorising the board of the Westminster Methodist church to dispose of the Sapperton church property was passed with the proviso that the church is not to be sold if the Sapperton people can make provision for the interest and insurance of the building. The clause recommending that no change be made in the property at Maple Bay was adopted. The clause dealing with the Centennial church difficulty was under discussion at the hour of adjournment and it is more than likely that the matter will be amicably settled with the consent of all parties.

The conference hopes to complete its work early this evening and most of the members will leave for home to-morrow.

NOTE.

The name of Rev. Joseph Hall was inadvertently omitted from the list of the board of directors of the Columbian Methodist College.

WELCOMED TO THE CITY.

A Welcome Meeting Opens the Christian Endeavor Conference.

Gathered together at First Presbyterian church last night were some sixty delegates to the provincial conference of the Young People's Association of Christian Endeavor. It was a reception meeting given by the local union to visiting delegates. The ladies had tastily decorated the interior of the edifice, the platform being bedecked with entwining evergreens, and there being several handsome vases of flowers.

F. W. Davey, president of the local union, was in the chair.

The meeting was opened by a hymn by the choir and prayer by Rev. Dr. Campbell. Mayor Teague was then introduced to the delegates. The chief magistrate welcomed the delegates on behalf of the city, expressed approval of the worthy objects of their society and wished them God-speed. Rev. A. B. Winchester made a short address, extending a welcome on behalf of the ministerial association. Speeches were also made by Geo. Carter, secretary of the Y. M. C. A.; Mrs. Jenkins, of the W. C. T. U., and President Davey, of the Christian Endeavor society. Replies were made by C. Milne and Mr. Ramsay, of Vancouver, and Mr. Cooksley, of Westminster, and Mr. J. G. Brown sang "The Rescue." Then the meeting adjourned and the delegates were introduced one to the other.

TO-DAY'S SESSION.

The conference came to order at 9:30 this morning with Rev. Dr. Campbell in the chair. F. A. Small offered up a short prayer, after which the usual standing committees were appointed.

Reports were read from the different societies. They were from Victoria, Vancouver, Westminster, Kamloops, Vernon, Sumas, Nanaimo, Wellington, Revelstoke, Ashcroft, Chilliwack, Mission City, and Mount Pleasant. The reports succinctly outlined the growth of the Christian Endeavor, which was shown to be greatly on the increase and to be doing excellent work. The chair read telegrams from the North West Territorial union and from the Washington state union of Christian Endeavor, extending greetings to British Columbia union in conference.

Dr. Clark, of Boston, the originator of the society, was present, and being introduced by the chair made a short address.

To-night at 8 o'clock Dr. Clarke will deliver a lecture. The meeting will be public, and as Dr. Clarke is an interesting speaker, the church will probably be well filled.

The Bostons are here---try them.

—Messrs. Elford & Smith, contractors, for the new Dominion government buildings, have commenced laying the foundations, which are to be constructed of granite. Two large derricks have been erected on the site for handling the immense blocks of granite, and in fact the firm have the latest improved plant so that the work can be carried on as expeditiously as possible. A large amount of stone has already been dressed for the main portion of the buildings, so that the stone cutters will always have sufficient on hand to keep the masons busy.

The Bostons are here---try them.

—Parasols—We show the latest novelties to be seen in the city. Partridge, 86 Yates street. 25c. to $7.50 each. *

The Bostons are here. Try them.

Clearance Sale of Furniture, Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

The Bostons are here---try them.

Charles H. Hutchings.

Sick Headache

CURED PERMANENTLY

BY TAKING

Ayer's Pills

"I was troubled a long time with sick headache. I tried a good many remedies recommended for this complaint; but it was not until I

Began taking Ayer's Pills

that I received permanent benefit. A single box of these pills freed me from headaches, and I am now a well man."
—C. H. HUTCHINGS, East Auburn, Me.

Awarded Medal at World's Fair

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the Best.

The Bostons are here---try them.

—The best assortment of pocket cutlery at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson. *

FRESH ARRIVAL
DIRECT IMPORTATION

Keiller's Marmalade

IN 1 lb. AND 2 lb. JARS
AND 7 lb. TINS.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

DIED.

MULCAHY—At 59 Quadra street, on 15th inst., Mary Ellen, infant daughter of James and Mary Mulcahy.
Funeral will take place to-morrow (Thursday) at 10:30 o'clock a.m. from the residence and at 10:45 from Christ Church.
Friends will please accept this intimation.

BIRTH.

BAILEY—On the 12th inst., at Victoria, B. C., the wife of Hedley H. Bailey, 5 Green street, of a daughter.

The Bostons are here---try them.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

AUCTION SALES.

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER,

Room 7 - - Board of Trade Building

REAL ESTATE

By order of the Executrix in the Estate of T. W. Carter, I will sell by Public Auction on

TO-MORROW,

THURSDAY, 16th MAY, 1895

at 12 o'clock noon,

AT SALESROOM, BASTION SQUARE,

Town Lot 613, in Block M, Victoria City,

Together with the Three-story Brick Residence, containing 9 rooms, bath-room, pantry, larder and conservatory, and a Six-roomed Cottage adjoining.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. McPhillips, Wootton & Barnard, Solicitors, or to

JOSHUA DAVIES,
m13 Auctioneer.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Mongolian	May 25
Allan Line, Numidian	June 1
Dominion Line, Vancouver	May 25
Dominion Line, Oregon	May 30

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria	May 23
Cunard Line, Campania	June 1
White Star Line, Germanic	May 29
White Star Line, Teutonic	June 5
American Line, Paris	May 29
American Line, St. Louis	June 5
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Saleer	May 25
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Saale	May 28
Anchor Line, City of Rome	May 25
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	June 1
Red Star Line, Rhynland	May 29
Red Star Line, Westernland	June 5
Allan State Line, Nebraska	May 26
Allan State Line, California	June 8

For rates and full information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General S. S. Agent.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts., Victoria.

REDUCTION IN RATES.

Board and Lodging
$4 per week.

The Old-Established VANCOUVER HOTEL,
No. 71 Yates Street,

Has REDUCED its price for Board and Lodging from $5.00 to $4.00.

The service will remain as good as ever, and as the reputation of the house is well known, it will be seen that the above price is the very best that can be obtained in Victoria.

F. J. DAWLEY,
Proprietor.

BICYCLES TO RENT.

First-Class Wheels, at

UPTODATE BICYCLE AGENCY,

See the UPTODATE DUKE ROAD KING, Etc., before buying.

C. A. GODSON.

AMUSEMENTS.

Bowker Park

RACES

R. STANLEY, Lessee.

Steeplechasing, Flat Racing and Gentlemen's Driving Races,

SATURDAY, MAY 25th,

AT TWO P.M.

FIRST RACE—Open to Gentlemen's Road Horses that are eligible to a 3 minute class; to be driven by gentlemen drivers to road cart. First Prize, a valuable silver water pitcher valued at $25.00; second prize, a card basket valued at $10.00.

SECOND RACE—Cigar and Bonnet Race; half mile heats; open to gentlemen's saddle horses, gentlemen riders. First prize, a cup valued at $25.00; second prize, silver champagne bottle valued at $15.

THIRD RACE—Grand Steeplechase, open to hunters that have not raced for public money; gentlemen riders. First prize, silver cup valued at $45.00; second prize, solid silver smoking set valued at $20.00.

CONDITIONS:

No. 1.—Gentlemen's driving race; half mile heats, 2 out of 3, to road cart or road buggy. Entrance fee $2.

No. 2.—Cigar and bonnet race; half mile heats; open to all saddle horses; gentlemen riders. Entrance fee $2.00.

No. 3.—Grand Steeplechase; open to all ordinary (gentlemen's) saddle horses; about 1 3-4 miles, over 12 jumps; weights 150 lbs. Entrance fee $2.

Entries must be made on or before May 21st, Tuesday, at 6 p.m. Entrance fee must accompany all entries. Entrance may be left care of W. H. McKeon, Oriental Hotel, or mailed to the undersigned.

R. STANLEY,
Bowker Park, Victoria, B.C.

The prizes are on view at Challoner & Mitchell's.

The Leading

MUSIC HOUSE

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Agents for only First-class

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Musical Instruments of all kinds. The largest stock in the Province at lowest prices.

Latest Sheet Music and Music Books constantly being received.

Send for a list of our 15c. Sheet Music, also a sample copy of Waitt's Musical Monthly, just issued.

M. W. WAITT & CO.,

64 Government Street.

NOW IS YOUR TIME

TO USE

Summer Spray

For Fruit Trees, to destroy Wooly and Green Aphis. Get it

AT PENDRAY'S.

Look Like Prosperity

CREIGHTON,

Can make you look that way.